The Times-Democrat.

VOL. XII, NO. 99. LIMA, OHIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1896. PRICE THREE CENTS

HE PAID THE PENALTY.

Benjamin Radcliffe Hanged at Canon City, Colo.

HE MURDERED THREE MEN

Lured Them In a Schoolhouse, and as They Were Unarmed and Hemmed In He Laid Them Out With His Rifle as He Pleased.

CANON CITY, Colo., Feb. 8.—Benjamin Radcliff, the slayer of the entire school board of Jefferson district, Park county, was hanged at the penitentiary last night at 8:35 o'clock.

The crime for which Benjamin Radcliff suffered death was one of the most startling in the history of Colorado. Prompted by a desire for revenge for what he considered grievous wrongs, he deliberately shot down in the school house at Jefferson, Park county, the three members of the school board, Samuel Taylor, Lincoln F. McCurdy and George D. Wyatt.

The cause of the trouble was the circulation of reports of alleged criminal intimacy between Radcliff and his motherless daughter, a girl of 18. These stories Radcliff attributed to McCurdy. He had also a fancied grievance against the other members of the board over the location of the schoolhouse.

None of the victims were armed, and as Radcliff, rifle in hand, stood between them and the door there was no escape.

SPRING COMPANY ASSIGNS.

Was Doing Business In Many States and Will Pay Out.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 8.—The Columbia spring company, an association of manufacturing concerns, with the principal office at 52 Ninth street, Pittsburg, filed deed of assignment to Attorney John H. Kennedy of Covington, Ky.

The company had plants in Bridgeport, Conn., Canton, O., Cincinnati, Fort Plain, N. Y., Newport, Ky., and points in Mississippi, Missouri and Iowa. Assignments were filed in all these states.

The assets are stated to be $271,702 and the liabilities $205,824, consisting of debts due of $172,487.22 and debts about to become due of $36,336.99.

The Lamington Scuttled.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Feb. 8.—After a consultation with Captain Williamson, boilermaster of the tug Luckenbach, Captain Duff of the Lamington decided to scuttle the vessel. Captain Williamson, with great difficulty in the gale, made his way to the engine room and opened the sea valves. The steamer now lies about 100 yards from shore with her nose pointing slightly to the northwest. She is full of water and is a total wreck.

Will Fight in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 8.—The federal authorities say that President Cleveland's action in signing the anti-prize fight bill moves the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight to Mexico, and that they will not allow the fight on Mexican soil. Governor Alzunada of Lower California has determined to prevent the fight by force if necessary. Sporting men here say the fight will come off on Mexican soil by evading the vigilance of the troops.

What About Alabama?

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The senate committee on purchases and elections is under consideration the resolution introduced by Senator Allen, providing for the appointment of a select committee to investigate the Alabama elections. The resolution among other instructions contains one for an inquiry as to whether a Republican form of government exists in Alabama.

Motorman and Conductor Killed.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 8.—A shifting engine on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad ran into a Second avenue electric car at Larkin's crossing, nine miles east of Pittsburg, killing Conductor W. H. Cooper and fatally injuring Motorman John Kelley. There were eight passengers on the car, all of whom escaped injury except a few bruises.

Left Over From the War.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—A bill to establish a national adjustment board for the purpose of seeking to get the United States government to pay for slaves killed by war, one-half to go to the former owner and the other half to the slave, was introduced in the legislature. The promoters are well known Germans.

Elbe Disaster Recalled.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 8.—The owners of the British ship Crathie have appealed against the judgment of the court at Rotterdam, which found that steamer to blame for the sinking by collision in January, 1895, of the North German Lloyd steamship Elbe.

Served Notice on Newspapers.

PETERSBURG, Feb. 8.—The press bureau has notified the newspapers not to publish anything tending to encourage the illusion that the government is meditating reforms of a liberal character in its administrative regime.

Venezuela Commission Meets.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The Venezuelan boundary commission met and considered several maps, of which Mr. Justice Windsor, librarian of Harvard college, who is a geographer, explained the details.

Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The Corbett-Fitzsimmons prizefighting in the District of Columbia and the territories, passed and signed by the president about 4:35 today and is a law.

FIRST DEGREE MURDER.

An Unfortunate Man Must Meet Death on the Gallows.

WESTCHESTER, Pa., Feb. 8.—The jury in the case of Thomas Elvin of Paoli, Pa., which had been out all night, brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. Elvin killed two of his children on Nov. 15 by placing arsenic in their coffee. He also drank some of the poisoned coffee and afterward cut his throat, but survived.

Mrs. Elvin had run away with another man and this made Elvin despondent. During the trial, which lasted 10 days, the woman was an apparently unconcerned spectator of the proceedings. Elvin's eldest son, 13 years old, was the principal witness against his father.

CRIMINAL LIBEL CHARGED.

Confession Made In Church Leads to Much Trouble.

MILLERSBURG, O., Feb. 8.—The church scandal in Clark, this county, has taken another turn. Several weeks ago Hugh Doty, a single man and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, made a confession in public in the church admitting that he had sinned with a sister or two, who were also members of the same church. Now Mrs. Amanda Myers files her affidavit against Doty charging him with criminal libel, and he has been held on $200 bond for appearance. Mrs. Myers is one of the ladies whom Doty mentioned in his confession.

Killed His Brother and Himself.

HITCHCK, Ia., Feb. 8.—Joe Merrifield, the 12-year-old son of Frank Merrifield, shot his 7 year-old brother with a Winchester rifle and then killed himself, blowing the entire top of his head away. The father had left the boys together in the house and they became involved in a quarrel. When neighbors came in a horrible scene was presented. The two boys lay dead on the floor in filth and squalor, and the brains of the boys were scattered over the floor and ceiling.

Swept Into the Torrent.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Feb. 8.—While a locomotive was making an ineffectual effort to draw a flatcar carrying a fire engine to Bound Brook it ran upon a man, probably from Bound Brook, whom the overflow had driven to the higher ground upon which the track is built. He was hurled into the torrent raging at the side of the track and swept out into the Raritan river.

The Crew Saved.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Feb. 8.—A gale is blowing a gale off along the coast. The men who remained on the stranded steamer Lamington have been taken off by the breeches buoy. The position of the steamer is very bad. The sea is continually washing over her and she pounds heavily on the bar. The opinion seems to be general here that the Lamington will be a total loss.

Alleged Murderer Acquitted.

WEBER, Neb., Feb. 8.—H. W. Crowe, a prominent citizen, charged with poisoning his wife in order to conceal his criminal intimacy with her unmarried sister, was acquitted today. The trial was one of the most sensational ever held in Nebraska. Miss May Rambo, the young woman in the case, and who was charged with being an accessory, will be liberated.

Roasted His Child.

JACKSON, Mich., Feb. 8.—An application of Jerry Scott, colored, asking the authorities to bury his 8 year-old daughter, whom he claimed died from natural causes, led to an investigation which disclosed evidence that the child had been inhumanly whipped and then laid on a hot stove and roasted.

Governor Bradley Denies It.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 8.—Governor Bradley denies the reports published in morning papers about him having contemplated or taken steps to call out the state militia to suppress the threatened disturbance in the legislature growing out of a contest for the election of a United States senator.

Under Police Surveillance.

PRETORIA, Transvaal, Feb. 8.—John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer, was liberated on account of illness, and his bail was fixed at £10,000, but he remains under police supervision and is not allowed to see visitors without a permit.

What the Syndicate Will Get.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The treasury has completed its tabulation of the bids above the Morgan syndicate bid. The result is 781 bids for a total of $66,788,650. This leaves the amount which will be awarded to the Morgan syndicate $61,211,050.

Withdrawn From the Company.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 8.—The territories of Moulsion and Banning have been withdrawn from the chartered South African company, and have been placed under the direct administration of the British high commissioner.

Will Be Tried In April.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Vice Consul Knight has cabled the state department that the case of the Americans arrested at Johannesburg are now under preliminary examination, and the formal trial will take place April 21.

American Enterprise In China.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 8.—The Chinese government has signed a contract with Colonel Jefferds, representing an Anglo-American syndicate, for the construction of a railroad from Hankow to Pekin.

A Stormy Meeting.

DUBLIN, Feb. 8.—The quarterly meeting of the council of the Irish National Federation was held here. The meeting was stormy. Timothy M. Healey and 28 of his supporters left the room.

HARVEST FOR BARBERS

Koreans Ordered by the King to Get Their Hair Cut.

THE FAITHFUL UP IN ARMS.

Some Have Escaped to the Mountains and Declare They Will Fight Unto Death Rather Than Part With Their Queues.

HONGKONG, Feb. 8.—Of the many changes introduced in quick succession in Korea, the recent adoption of the western method of hairdressing has attracted most attention. The king recently issued a proclamation urging the sacrifice of the queues, and set the example by having his own hair cut, the prince royal following suit.

The proclamation created consternation both in official and private circles. The minister of education resigned and retired to his country home when his protests at the innovation were disregarded. Many lesser government officials also resigned rather than sacrifice their locks.

The proclamation excited alarm among the people at large, but at each of the four gates of the capital constables are posted to await the coming of country people to compel them to submit to the barbers who are waiting for their hair. Western hats and coats are generally adopted by those who lose their queues.

In the rural districts the Koreans have broken out into actual rebellion at the proclamation. Many local governors have resigned their posts owing to their unwillingness to cut off their queues. Several hundred people have fled to the mountains and as many more are under arms preparing to attack the Korean troops.

The rebellion in Formosa is unchecked. One army of rebels has taken up its position at Ten-Wei and another has assembled at Camphor mountain. The Japanese troops are confident of defeating the rebels, but can not attack them in their mountain retreats.

SHE WAS HORRIFIED

To See Her Baby Carried Into the Air by an Eagle.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., Feb. 8.—Harry, the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Atterson, was carried 70 feet in the air by a pet eagle and then dropped to what seemed certain death. The child wandered out to where the eagle makes its home and watches over some young eagles. As Harry's mother approached the eagle rose, bearing the child in its talons. Nearly 70 feet the bird ascended with the baby, when the young eagle began to scream and the mother fired slowly descended. When still about 40 feet from the ground the eagle dropped the child and it fell, striking and lodging in a thick cedar tree. As the baby fell Mrs. Morrison fainted, but her husband, who had just come up, quickly rescued Harry. The boy was stunned by the fall but no bones were broken and he was soon conscious.

Practically Reached an Agreement.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Representatives of the Colorado-Utah lines met here to consider the terms on which they will become members of the Western Passenger association and put their business under the jurisdiction of its trans-Missouri committee. When they adjourned they had not reached a final decision on the subject, but the facts so had gone so favorably that no doubt was entertained of the lines finally becoming members.

Has Fought Poverty's Pluck.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Lydia Spaulding, who has sued the Pullman Palace Car company and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway for $100,000 damages for false arrest and imprisonment, was once struggling with poverty but was resisted to fortune by the Friends and Fairs of California. The defendants claim she was crazy and they had her locked up to prevent violence.

Clara Will Distribute Relief.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 8.—Mr. Terrell, United States minister at Constantinople, has arranged to nominate Miss Clara Barton and her colleagues to distribute the relief fund in her possession to the Armenians in accordance with the sultan's agreement, which, however, precludes any Armenians or newspaper correspondents from the nomination.

Fired a Petroleum Tank.

GALVALOUPE, Penn., Feb. 8.—On the Central railroad, close to Callan, a workman set fire to a petroleum tank and the flames spread to two other tanks of petroleum. The man who caused the fire was burned to death. 600 tons of coal and one locomotive were destroyed.

Granville Brown Dead.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 8.—Granville R. Brown, a lineal descendant of Charles Brown, who settled here in 1638, and grandson of Nicholas Brown, founder of Brown university, died here. He was born in Florence, Italy, about 47 years ago, while his father was consul general to Rome.

Very Wise Conclusion.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The East Anglian Times states that Lord Dunraven has decided to abandon yacht racing in the larger classes, as he does not belong there.

Scioto County's Ghost.

SCIOTO MILLS, O., Feb. 8.—A ghost has been discovered at a cabin near here. It is a man and stalks about nightly. The community is greatly excited.

THE FUTURE IS ALL RIGHT.

The Present, However, Is Not Nearly as Good as It Might Be.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: The wonderful success of the popular loan alters the face of events. It strips the silver agitation of all its power to hurt. It notifies foreign nations that the United States has power as well as purpose. It unlocks millions of gold which have been gathered in preparation, brings directly several millions of gold from Europe and stimulates the anxiety of foreign investors to obtain American securities.

There are signs of improvement in the iron manufacture, although the average of prices is nearly 1 per cent lower. Orders for wire nails are stimulated by a decision to advance the price. There is also a more active demand for plates and sheets. Southern competition lowers coke iron at Chicago and prevents advance at the east. Speculation has raised copper to 10¼ cents, tin to 13¼ cents and lead to 3.10 cents.

Sales of wool have been 4,608,200 pounds against 5,192,130 last year. The cotton mills continue generally active. Print cloths do not rise above 2 3/16c. and some goods tend lower. Speculation in wheat has again lifted prices 3¼ cents for cash and 2⅝ cents for May. Corn has been comparatively steady. Cotton is practically unchanged.

Failures this week have been 323 in the United States against 281 last year, and 63 in Canada against 58 last year.

CONSUMPTION CURE.

Dr. Cyrus Edson Makes Public His Recent Discovery.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Dr. Cyrus Edson has published a description of a discovery made by himself, which, it is held, may solve the hitherto unsolved problem of the cure of tuberculosis. He proved the deadliness of carbolic acid to disease germs by entwining a colony of the latter, and then flooring over them a solution of the acid. The germs were killed at once. But it was found that an injection of acid would kill, so the doctor's task was to concoct a solution of carbolic acid with other chemicals to counteract its poison sufficiently to prevent fatal consequences. In this he succeeded last September.

The combination is according to the following formula: Water, 97.2411 per cent; phenol, 2.7401 per cent; pilocarpin-phenyl-hydroxide, 0.0188 per cent. The result Dr. Edson has named asepsolin.

To date 217 persons having consumption have been treated with it. Of these four showed no improvement and of the four one died. The rest, 213, showed improvement. Of these 28 have been discharged cured, and 67 will, in the opinion of the physicians having the cases, be discharged cured, making 90 in all.

Big Crash In Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 8.—A petition was filed here asking that a receiver be appointed for the following concerns: The J. Winslow Jones Packing company, $500,000; The Highland Packing company $10,000; The Patuxent Canning company, $50,000, all incorporated in West Virginia, and the Riverton Live Stock company, $25,000, incorporated in Maine. The trouble grows out of the failure of the Port Deposit National bank.

Need Additional Cruisers.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Before the budget committee Count Arnim-Schlagenthin and Herr Berberstein, the minister for foreign affairs, stated that the need of additional cruisers had long been felt and that the number of cruisers belonging to foreign countries had been considerably increased during 1895.

Salisbury Not a Reformer.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The Marquis of Salisbury received a deputation from the Church of England, who urged the regulation of public houses, but they were told that no action would be taken unless parliament could find nothing else to do.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Feb. 7.

New York.

Flour—Family, $4.00@4.40; extra mess, $3.00; patent, $4.00@5.50. Cut meats—Pickled hams, smoked, 9½@10; pickled shoulders, 6½; smoked hams, 9@9½. Lard—Western steam, $5.80. Pork—Old mess, $11.00@11.25; family, $12.00; clear, $11.50@12.50. Butter—Western dairy, 12@16c; do creamery, 18@25c; do extra, 26c; Elgins, 27c; state dairy, 12@16c; do creamery, 18@25c; Imitation creamery, 14@17c; state dairy, tubs, 12@16c; Cheese—State large, 9@9½c; small, 9@9½c; part skims, 4@5c; full skims, 2@3c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 23c; western fresh, 19c.

Wheat—Spot, [illegible]. Corn—Spot, [illegible]. Rye—42@43c. Oats—Spot, [illegible].

Buffalo.

Cattle—Market steady.

Hogs—Yorkers, $4.60@4.90; roughs, common to good, $3.60@4.10; mediums and heavies, $4.35@4.55; pigs, $4.35@4.45.

Sheep and lambs—Extras, $2.25@2.30; good mixed, $2.00@2.10; common, $1.50@1.75; spring lambs, $4.00@5.00; veal calves, $4.50@5.50.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, [illegible]. Corn—No. 3 mixed, 30c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 22½c. Rye—No. 2, [illegible].

Lard, $5.85. Bulk meats, $5.25. Bacon—[illegible]. Hogs—[illegible]. Cattle—$2.00@4.50. Sheep—[illegible].

A COW SHED

Destroyed By Fire—Beyond Reach of the Fire Department.

A cow shed owned by Dave Dunn caught fire from a C., H. & D. engine about 10:10 o'clock last night and was burned down. The shed was located along the C., H. & D. railroad near the old Coss factory and could not be reached with a line of hose. The central fire department turned out but could do nothing and they returned to the station.

APPLIED CHRISTIANITY

Will be Dr. Graham's Subject for Four Lectures.

Dr. Graham Taylor, professor of sociology in Chicago Seminary, and warden of the Commons, a social settlement of the seminary, will give a course of four lectures on Applied Christianity, Sunday and Monday February 16 and 17. He will speak in the Congregational church on the Social Mission of Jesus, the Church for the Community and the Ministering Body of the Son of Man: in the Y. M. C. A. Sunday afternoon, February 16, on the Heroism of Christian Manhood.

Dr. Taylor is widely known as a lecturer and teacher on social questions. He took a prominent part in the religious congresses at the Columbian exposition. He has been identified with the Civil Federation of Chicago since its organization. He is a fearless upholder of the rights of labor, and an earnest teacher of the responsibility of wealth.

His social settlement in Chicago has attracted the notice and sympathy of most diverse social elements, hard-headed merchant princes, laboring men and women, Catholics, Jews, infidels and others giving the work enthusiastic support.

In the vast social changes going on, the church must readjust her methods to fulfill her mission. Individualism has had its day, for good or ill. A new social consciousness has been developed and the church is bound to consider herself the servant and savior of society as well as the helper of the individual. Wherever Dr. Taylor speaks, he draws great crowds. The general public are cordially invited to these lectures.

Byron W. King.

Do not fail to attend the entertainment given for the benefit of the High School Library, at Market street Presbyterian church, Monday, February 10, 1896.

The subjoined account of Mr. King and his work was written by a well known newspaper writer, at that time city editor of the Pittsburg Dispatch.

"In scope, variety of work, artistic excellence and power, we have never seen the entertainment equalled by any other elocutionist. Of Byron W. King, elocutionist, teacher, reader, reciter, Actor, student and author—in all of which capacity he displayed his skill last night—much may be said. His success has been remarkable. A more difficult programme could not have been selected—no two selections were alike in style. The carefully portrayed impersonations, all challenged our admiration and won the heartiest applause. It seemed as if twenty people were giving performances. He lived each character in its turn. His power of pantomime is indescribable. The ghastliness of his death-scene sent a shiver over everyone in the audience. Never before have I seen an audience held as he held his last night. They wept because he wept and laughed because he laughed. While he was angry, so were they. His work was masterly throughout."

[illegible]

A Story of How the Teamster Dined at the First Table

[illegible] about a railroad [illegible] arrang[illegible] with [illegible] Milwaukee and [illegible] Mississippi [illegible] Milwaukee and St. Paul [illegible] Janesville from [illegible] Junction and thus secure a Milwaukee [illegible] The line was built from [illegible] [illegible] air [illegible]

[illegible] has been [illegible] the project. [illegible] charm [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] part [illegible]

[illegible] and he [illegible] his place.

[illegible] Mr. [illegible] [illegible] Indian would [illegible] them [illegible] would hear but it was [illegible] thing be yond the average [illegible] town of 2,000 [illegible]

[illegible] the landlord of [illegible] he saw [illegible] near the stove [illegible] and their entertainers had been located in the dining room.

Going to [illegible] with [illegible] tonight

I guess so.

[illegible] of [illegible]

Yes, I am [illegible]

[illegible] into the dining room [illegible] your driver [illegible] shall [illegible] into supper now [illegible]

[illegible] suggest [illegible] he wait

[illegible] landlord [illegible]

So it happened [illegible] Grant did [illegible] even [illegible] the teamster.—Chicago Times-Herald

WOMAN'S VIEW OF WOMAN

Contrary to the Cynical Idea, Women Do Admire Each Other

[illegible] that women [illegible] really [illegible] one another [illegible] they possess [illegible] in each other is feign[illegible] in support of the [illegible] Lady Montague's remarks [illegible] toward reconciling me to being a woman when I reflect that I am thus in [illegible] [illegible] Not being [illegible]

[illegible] that w[illegible] a [illegible] especially if this woman is in love with this particular [illegible] man [illegible] ing [illegible] doubt in the world that love is blind—the love between man and woman being blind and hence unable to see [illegible] [illegible] but as a person [illegible] [illegible] qualities [illegible] also [illegible]

[illegible] merits [illegible] church and [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] humanly [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] beings who cover [illegible] for [illegible]

A Cunning Baboon

In the Transvaal [illegible] of the fruit gardens [illegible] exposed to the ravages of large [illegible] apes and a good guard has to be kept or the results of long labor would be lost. In some of these gardens grow certain shrubs which are much affected by wasps, the insects liking to attach thereto their nests.

These wasps though small have a very venomous sting. Baboons had often been noticed eying with envious glances the fast ripening fruit in one certain garden but feared to gather for fear of attracting the assaults of the wasps.

One morning the farmer heard terrible cries and with the aid of a good fieldglass [illegible] the following tragedy. A large venerable baboon, chief of the band, was catching the younger apes and pitching them into the shrubs whereon hung the wasps' nests. This he repeated again and again in spite of the most piteous cries from his victims.

Of course the wasps assumed the defensive [illegible]. During this part of the performance the old brute quietly fed on the fruit, deigning occasionally to throw fragmentary remains to some female and young baboons a little farther off.—New York Dispatch.

An Englishman in Japan complains of the [illegible] of green tea and snails with nothing but rice and raw fish for a change [illegible] the Japanese would find roast beef and beer equally monotonous.

Our war department cost in 1865, the most expensive year in its history, $1,031,[illegible]

TRIALS OF A WOMAN EDITOR

Abused by a Rival Who Thought She Was a Man.

The beautiful young girl who had graduated only a year before with the highest honors rushed into the family sitting room and flung herself with a storm of sobs upon the sofa.

What is it, my dear? asked her father, soothing her gently. Has anything happened to discourage you?

Papa, said the maiden, raising her tear stained face, I am done with journalism forever. When you allowed me to purchase the weekly newspaper I thought that no occupation on earth could be so noble, so elevating and powerful to scatter good and wisdom throughout the world. When I began editing the paper everything appeared bright [illegible]

My editorials were [illegible] the [illegible] press, and [illegible] words of encouraging [illegible] from [illegible] the large dailies. I was [illegible] proud [illegible] the fact that although a woman I [illegible] admitted as an equal member of the great brotherhood that exercises such an influence upon the minds and morals of the people. Last week I wrote a gentle criticism of an article that appeared in a little weekly in another county. [illegible]—this is what I find in the [illegible] of that horrid paper.

The lovely girl handed [illegible] the paper and buried her head upon the sofa pillow while [illegible] loving [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] drivel [illegible] crawfished [illegible] puddle duck [illegible] [illegible] squirting such jobs of bad handed putrefied slime at decent papers. If the humpback [illegible] vermin referred to doesn't like our remarks [illegible] any day and scatter a few locks of hair and brass buttons around said Herald office or forfeit a year's subscription.

Papa, said the girl graduate in a small but decided voice, I want you to buy me a cookbook and some [illegible] I'm going to stay [illegible] mother about the house.—Houston Post

WARM FEET

They Are Essential to Health—Proper Covering For the Feet

You will never be [illegible] health and never do your best work if your feet are constantly cold. [illegible] throat and lungs [illegible] cold [illegible] [illegible] frigid [illegible] lower extremities. [illegible] give relief [illegible] and [illegible] humerous [illegible] foot covering [illegible] shape [illegible] material. Save in warm weather and [illegible] low cut sh[illegible] ordinarily prepared [illegible] [illegible] capacity [illegible] being [illegible] [illegible] like rubber

[illegible] or healthily [illegible] its own [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] explain [illegible] that [illegible] is [illegible] arrested [illegible] for the extreme [illegible] for [illegible]

[illegible] Carrying of Dogs

[illegible] brilliant with gold lace and embroidered [illegible]

Newspaper Files Under Guard

[illegible] that have [illegible] the Pekin Gazette [illegible] the Chinese [illegible] Many [illegible] [illegible] the Chinese [illegible]

There is probably [illegible] library [illegible] Chinese newspaper [illegible]

HOW TO MAKE A POWDER CASE

A Lady's Toilet Never Complete Without This Dainty Article

A dainty powder [illegible] made by cutting [illegible] cardboard circle 3 inches [illegible] covering it on both sides with white [illegible] silk.

[illegible] circle [illegible] with [illegible] of [illegible] silk [illegible] an eighth of an inch deep, then sew the [illegible] with small stitches [illegible] Cut [illegible] of blue and white silk 3½ inches long and 1½ inches wide [illegible] short sides. Cut [illegible] the same length and 2½ inches wide of white silk. [illegible] of the silk [illegible] [illegible] fill the bag [illegible]

How to Make [illegible]

[illegible]

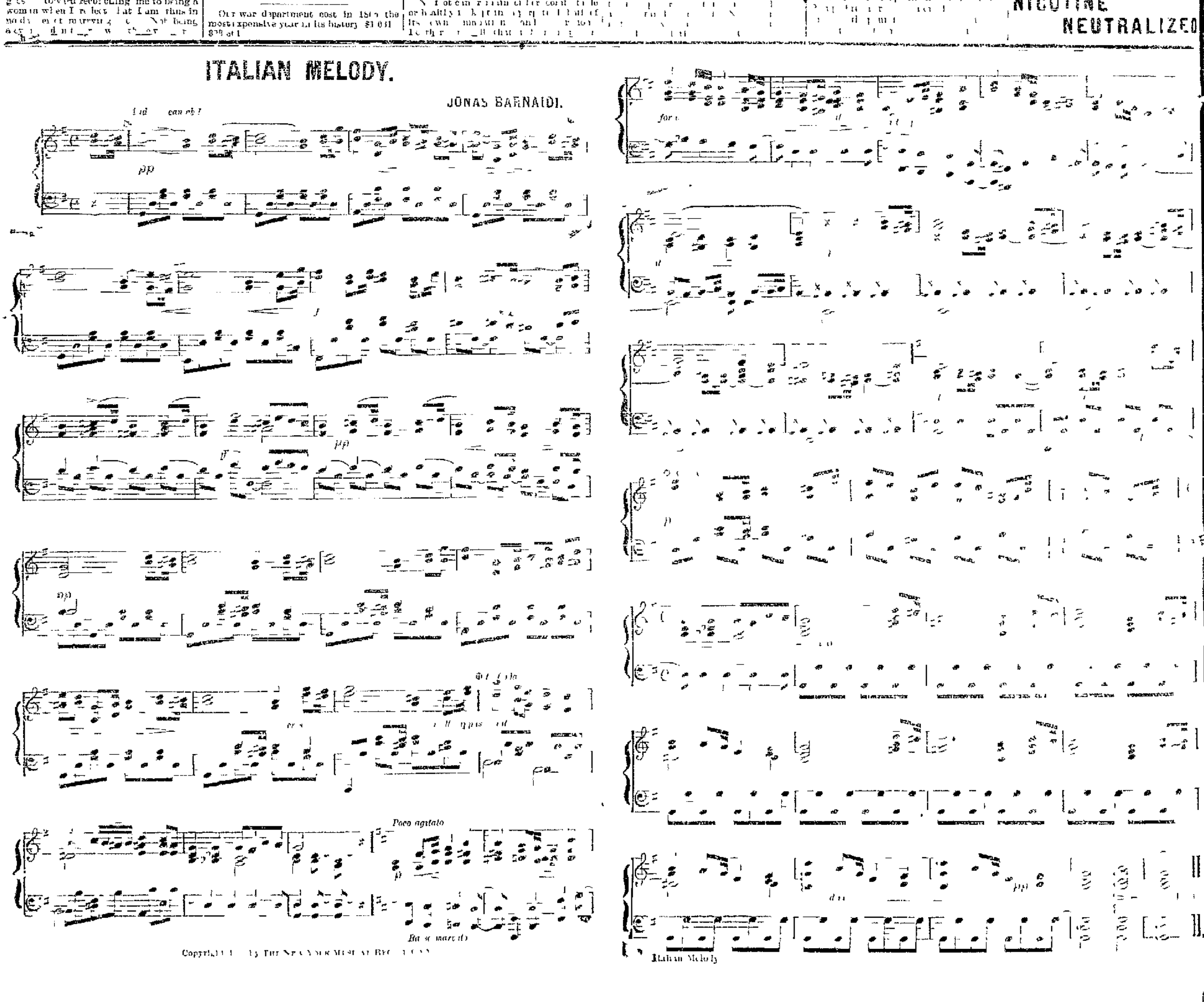
[illegible] one half grated nutmeg [illegible] flour. Mix all well [illegible] pudding [illegible] and serve with [illegible] lemon.

How to Make a Curry of Lobster

Cut into pieces about [illegible] the meat of a lobster weighing [illegible] pounds and after seasoning [illegible] and one fifth of a teaspoonful of [illegible] set it away in a cool place. Put [illegible] spoonfuls of butter into a frying [illegible] and when it has become [illegible] spoonfuls of flour and a small [illegible] ful of curry powder. Stir [illegible] until it is brown then gradually [illegible] cupful and a half of stock [illegible] with salt and pepper. [illegible] and [illegible] small piece of [illegible]

ITALIAN MELODY.

JONAS BARNAIDI.



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Italian Melody

NOW 90 YEARS OLD.

Mrs. Grinnell Credits Her Vigorous Old Age to Paine's Celery Compound.

It is an uncommon thing to learn of persons reaching the age of Mrs Emily Hyde Grinnell and yet of good health such as hers come only to those who make use of the very best means of keeping well

No one will wonder that the bright aged old lady, whose mind to day is as alert and clear as ever should be anxious for others to try Paine's celery compound

Mrs Emyle Hyde Grinnell was born in Bennington Vt June and is to day living with her granddaughter the wife of Martin Fowler of Colchester Vt a beautiful town near Fort Ethen Allen Her father was a farmer and hotel keeper and she lived up to the farm until her marriage Mr Grinnell died some time ago in the infancy of old age

Some years ago when about the age of most women she was in poor health and was so much so that she could not do her housework and was obliged to lay aside her work for weeks at a time

Her sister who had been a great sufferer from nervous troubles and had tried many remedies without avail had been cured by Paine's celery compound and had written her about it

Her sister's letter was the means of her trying the compound and she says that it was the only medicine that did her any good

She says that it strengthened her and she could do her housework and care for her children for a year after taking it

Then she had a slight attack of her old trouble and took a few bottles of Paine's celery compound which soon made her well and strong

Since then she has used it at intervals when she felt the need of it and it always has given her good results

She says she is now in good health and can do her housework and care for her children and grandchildren without feeling tired

She says she is 90 years old and is surprised at her vigorous appearance and activity which she believes is the result of her using Paine's celery compound

It has cured her of constipation and is of great help to her when she is tired

Gratefully yours

MRS EMYLE HYDE GRINNELL

Paine's celery compound is especially valuable for recruiting the strength and spent energies of men and women advanced in years It is the one preparation considered worthy the name of a true nerve food and blood remedy by physicians throughout the country It is prescribed by the leading physicians in every state in the Union to build up the system regulate the nerves and restore health and strength

Nothing in the past has ever approached it as a nerve building up and nerve tonic and giving new life to the tired body It is a marvelous compound and the most delicate tissues of the brain and nerves are those which it strengthens and invigorates

Paine's celery compound is the great spring medicine at this season and sets to work to build them up The tired body feels the strengthening effects of Paine's celery compound from the first

Give the nerves a chance to recover and the entire body will regain its health and strength Take Paine's celery compound

RECENT MINING NOTES

[illegible]

The [illegible] and Hecla mines in Michigan produced [illegible] pounds copper in 1895

[illegible] will be the name of Alaska next year [illegible]

It is stated that there are [illegible] men now engaged in mining work in the Klondike region

A good many small lots of very rich ore have recently been worked up from the mine in Silver Star district Nevada

[illegible] mine on Kachamak Bay Cook Inlet Alaska will be extensively developed this spring by a large company

It Worked Well

[illegible]

Knights of the Maccabees

[illegible] Lincoln Neb as follows After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr Kings New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them We could not be without it hereafter as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail —Signed F W Stevens State [illegible] We put up this great medicine on trial as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Melville's drug store Regular size 50c and $1 00

[illegible]

Our people are growing more and more in the habit of looking to Melville Bros next to P O and C W Helster s Public Square, for the latest and best of everything in the drug line They sell Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of bad colds croup and whooping cough When in need of such a medicine give this remedy a trial and you will be more than pleased with the result

REED'S TARIFF BILL

HOW IT WOULD AFFECT AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS

Proposed Changes Would Practically Prohibit the Importation of Fine Fleeces Increases the Cost of Clothing Blankets and Flannels Thirty Five Per Cent

[illegible]

Under the McKinley tariff the average duty on wool manufactures was 100 per cent On some leading specifications the duties were considerably above that [illegible] duty is about 50 per cent [illegible] It is estimated that this lusty puddin' Christmas gift with its mixture of [illegible] and specific duties would [illegible] the average rate to about 50 per cent on all imports of woolens including clothing blanket and flannel Should the majority be pleased with the law of which they now show little probability economic authorities would in their shopping [illegible] whether they pay the duty or whether it is paid by the foreign manufacturer is the tariff question only [illegible]

[illegible] ad valorem or [illegible] and compel the American manufacturer for the sake of the wool [illegible] made from the entire [illegible] revolution has taken place in the character of [illegible] importations of the raw material and of the quality with which American manufacturers have availed themselves of the [illegible] to the least [illegible] material the total importations of wool in the ten months beginning with June 1894 have amounted to 211 [illegible] of which 130 101 [illegible] pounds were of the finer qualities which greatly formerly found their way in comparatively small quantities to American mills Now however the condition is totally reversed by the influence of free trade While under the McKinley tariff the great bulk of the imports were consisted of [illegible] the most delicate fleeces and finest [illegible]

Under the McKinley act the duty on first class wool was [illegible] and under the proposed horizontal schedule American manufacturers would [illegible] duty of 50 cents a pound on this wool On second class wool of which the [illegible] the McKinley duty was 12 cents a pound [illegible] manufacturers under the new bill would have to pay a duty of [illegible] cent a pound on the importation [illegible] Australian and Andean fleeces

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[illegible]

Commandments of Buddha

[illegible]

A Sunset Glory

[illegible]

It Was in His Line

[illegible]

The Tyranny of Fashion

[illegible]

Now on Sale in Ohio!

[illegible] Walter Baker & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa

[illegible] Walter Baker & Co. at Dorchester Mass

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Walter Baker & Co., Limited,
Dorchester, Mass

—THE—

First National Bank.

LIMA, OHIO

CAPITAL $100,000.00

-.- ACCOUNTS SOLICITED. -.-

S S WHEELER, PRESIDENT
C S. BRICE, VICE PRESIDENT
G D CRITES, CASHIER
F C CUNNINGHAM, ASSISTANT CASHIER

—THE—

Commercial Investment Bank.

SAMUEL A. BAXTER & SONS.

Nos. 206 and 208½ West High Street, - Lima, Ohio

Government, State, County, Municipal and School Bonds Real Estate Mortgages Commercial Paper, Bank and Industrial Stocks bought and sold We buy only that which has merit and sell only that which we can guarantee

A General Banking Business Transacted.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

EVERY WOMAN

[illegible] the genuine [illegible] If you want the best get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr Peal's) never disappoint Sold everywhere $1 00 Address THE MEDICINE CO Cleveland O

For sale by Melville Bros

THE FEMININE OBSERVER

A box of flowers is a dainty gift all women appreciate

A feather boa is a big help to a last season jacket

Books give an air to a room that bric a brac never attains

How many women really go to the opera for the music

Rubber facing in a cloth skirt is suggested for rainy days

Purple and brown are Frenchily combined in some new gowns

The new checks for tailor gowns show a preponderance of brown

A dusty velvet hat has no beauty about it even though made in the latest mode

[illegible]

YOU should know that LOVEY'S HONEY and TAR is absolutely the best remedy for all diseases of the Throat Chest or Lungs Dealers are authorized to guarantee it to give satisfaction in all cases 50c H F Vortkamp n e cor Main and North streets

IN OLDEN TIMES

Many were the plants employed as love charms in olden days When a girl wished to dream of her coming husband she put a bunch of yarrow under her pillow

The daisy was not the only flower the petals of which were plucked to find out the sentiments of the supposed lover The blue cornflower the marigold and the dandelion were used

If you wish to be shot proof go on St John's day to the top of a pine tree and gather cones The eating of one kernel a day will render you invulnerable for 24 hours

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ERIE LINES.

Chicago & Erie Railroad

Time card in effect Nov 10 1895

FROM LIMA OHIO

TRAINS WEST — Depart

No 5 Vestibule Limited daily for Chicago 11 45 a m
3 Pacific Express daily for Chicago 1 42 a m
1 Express daily except Sunday for Chicago 10 [illegible] a m
31 local daily except Sunday 10 [illegible] a m

TRAINS EAST

No 6 Vestibule Limited daily for New York and Boston 2 10 p m
Express daily except Sunday for Marion & Columbus 3 30 p m
12 Express daily for New York 10 [illegible] a m
[illegible] local daily except Sunday 10 [illegible] a m

Trains No 1 and 2 stop at all station on O & E division

Train No 1 carries through sleeping cars to Columbus Cleveland Chicago Waverly Crestmont Ironton and Kenova via Columbus Hocking Valley & Toledo and Norfolk & Western lines

Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston

FRANK O McCOY Agent
W G B OSBORNE Trav Pass Agt
[illegible]

For Your Laundress to Heed

Nice handkerchiefs should not be ironed When rinsed pass them through a wringer after they have been folded as a fine towel spread on a sheet of glass (a clean marble topped table if that abomination is left in the household answers) and smooth till every wrinkle is out The operator will then take the [illegible] glass and dry with that brush that is on the one tarnished her chiefs just from the shop

Memory is a little treacherous now and then and causes one to forget some things worth remembering unless one has an experience like that which came to Mr D E Last Moffats Creek Va who says I had been suffering for years with a torpid liver and found no relief until I took Simmons Liver Regulator when I was entirely relieved of my troubles I never intend being without Simmons Liver Regulator

Glad Tidings to Asthma Sufferers

Foley's Honey and Tar gives quick and positive relief to all cases 50c H F Vortkamp n e cor Main and North streets

The Lima Times-Democrat

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA.

Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

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No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your supper table each evening upon the following terms:

One year, in advance	$5.00
One copy one [illegible]	2.50
Six months, in [illegible]	[illegible]
By carrier, per week	10 cents

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in Northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities, reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT company, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 56 columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

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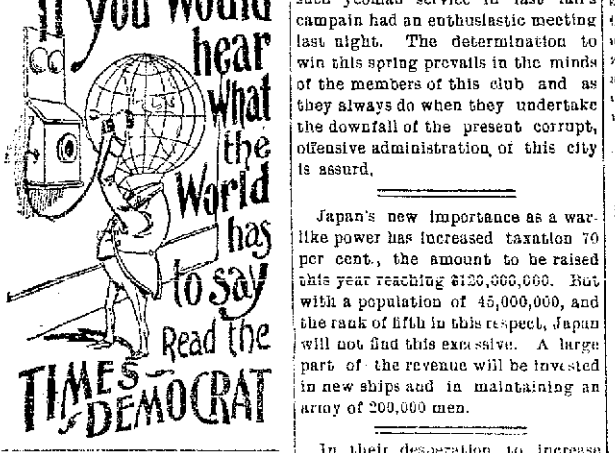
LIMA, OHIO.



ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN H. BRICKMAN as a candidate for nomination for Member of Congress, subject to the action of the Democratic county convention of Allen county and the Democratic Congressional convention of the Fourth Ohio district.

The Democratic national convention on July 7, will be held in the coliseum, in Chicago, and accommodation will be made to seat 15,000 people, and no more.

In referring to the wrangles of the Ohio Republicans, which the members of that party are pleased to call "harmony," the Detroit *Tribune* says:

The harmony in Ohio is a trifle too Wagnerian to be generally understood.

Republican conventions in all the states will be located in each case and at the time which will be fixed for the purpose of enabling the bosses and machines to control the election of delegates to the national conventions and the nominations for state candidates. The bosses will control time and place, and everything will tend to the accomplishment of their schemes.

The brethren of the Republican press, who were so loud in their denunciations of the last Democratic Congress, should now inform the dear people what the present Republican body has done so far to help the alleged "hard times."

The Republican State central committee has decided that Allen county will have eight delegates to the State convention. Now the McKinley and Foraker factions in Allen county can commence fighting to see which element will control the delegation.

In the course of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's Birmingham speech a few days ago he said that he was "an acquaintance and friend of President Cleveland." If he really is acquainted with our president he must also be acquainted with the fact that the British government "can't play horse" with Grover.

"Foraker is for McKinley, but not with all his might and main. He will be one of the big four delegates from Ohio and may vote for the Little Napoleon, but he won't throw away such a chance as was offered him in 1888. If the presidential nomination comes his way in 1896 he will catch on," says the Bryan Democrat.

The Democratic club which did such yeoman service in last fall's campaign had an enthusiastic meeting last night. The determination to win this spring prevails in the minds of the members of this club and as they always do when they undertake the downfall of the present corrupt, offensive administration of this city is assurd.

Japan's new importance as a warlike power has increased taxation 70 per cent., the amount to be raised this year reaching $120,000,000. But with a population of 45,000,000, and the rank of fifth in this respect, Japan will not find this excessive. A large part of the revenue will be invested in new ships and in maintaining an army of 200,000 men.

In their desperation to increase revenues for the state to recoup a bankrupt state treasury, some statesman in the Ohio legislature has introduced a bill to increase the fee for marriage licenses to $2, one-half of which shall go to the state treasury. A few more years of Republican maladministration in this state and people will be called upon to pay for the air they breathe, and turn the proceeds into the state treasury.

Salisbury's latest move is to claim that about 3,000,000 acres of land occupied by the United States under the Alaskan purchase really belongs to British Columbia, and he has maps prepared on which the boundary line enters Clarence strait instead of Portland inlet, as shown on all previous maps. The tract of land involved in this surprising claim lies opposite Prince of Wales island on the Pacific coast, and would throw some of the most extensive and valuable harbors and islands, including the whole of the Portland channel, into British Columbia. The tract is considered of the greatest commercial and strategic importance. This bold claim made just as the British premier is talking conciliation looks very much like blowing hot and cold with the same breath.—*Cincinnati Times-Star.*

Anglo-Saxon Hustle.

The mustering of a complete and formidable fleet in five days is a feat that probably no nation but England could accomplish at present. The review of it showed that the fleet thus hustled together was ready to grapple with anything and anybody on this globe. The work accomplished recalls the swiftness with which the United States prepared navy at the beginning of the civil war. There were the raw materials and the patriotism of the people. Anglo-Saxon vim and hustle did the rest.

The same vim and hustle have broken the world's record by getting ready in five days for actual war the largest fleet of any one nation on earth. Americans must be proud to remember that it was the mighty force of Anglo-Saxon blood that did it.

In three seaports—Chatham, Devonport and Portsmouth—the five day fleet mustered in three divisions—cruisers, battleships and torpedo boats. Their stores and ammunition were put into the vessels. Next, with the flying of flags and the blare of shrilling trumpets, the crews marched aboard, clad in white. Then the different parts of the big British flying squadron steamed to Spithead for the general rendezvous and review.

Buncombe? Yes, buncombe it was, and a demonstration merely to impress the nations. But it did impress the nations as no fleet ever did before, and Americans are proud that it was an English speaking country that did it.

Weeks have passed since the great Burden diamond robbery in New York city, and yet no trace of either gems or thieves has been discovered. Events follow one another so quickly this winter that the public would already have forgotten the theft, only that it was reminded of the matter again when Mr. I. Townsend Burden raised his offer or reward for the recovery of the gems from $5,000 to $10,000 and "no questions asked." In ordinary matters this buying back of one's own stolen property and letting the thieves go free savors much of compounding a felony, but perhaps the law would have a way of getting around that in case of a very rich man with very celebrated jewels. At any rate this purloining of $60,000 worth of jewels from a house on one of the most frequented parts of one of the largest cities of the world in the early hours of the night, while there were at least half a dozen persons in the house, one of them in the next room to where the safe containing the gems was, stands as one of the historic feats in criminal records, fit to go with the achievements of great financiers who have stolen railroads, steamboat lines, mines and whole counties.

The people of the United States do not want congress to pass a concurrent resolution congratulating the people of the Transvaal on their success in establishing free representative government. It is the business of the United States government just now to keep its mouth shut on the Boer question. Besides that, the Transvaal upholds human slavery, and a large majority of its white citizens, all those who are foreign born, are disfranchised. Does Senator Morgan call that a "free representative government?"

High Life in Washington.

Washington society has naturally a great name throughout the country. There not only the choicest intellects, but the choicest manners are supposed to be met in the social circles that cluster about the army, the navy, the dignified senate and the brilliant house of representatives. Oh, yes.

It is with some surprise therefore that the rest of the country learns what is the proper thing in manner when the highest representative of a foreign country whose ways are not our ways gives a party and invites the flower of our society to be present thereat. Mme. Yang Yu, the quaint little wife of the Chinese minister, announced lately that she would be "at home" to her friends from 3 to 5 of a certain afternoon. One would have thought Barnum's circus had come to town and was stopping over night with the Chinese minister. By 2 o'clock there was a mob in front of the house and in the street near by. They were well dressed men and women, and to look at them one would have thought they knew what belonged to ordinary good manners. But they did not.

Washington apparently has a code of good manners of its own. The gang of well dressed hoodlums of both sexes clamored for admittance. The doors, however, were barricaded, and they could not get in till the appointed hour. Then the scene was something like a pack of said letters mobbing a Chinese laundry. Evidently the representatives of American high society in Washington are of opinion that because a lady is Chinese she has no right to expect courtesy, or even civil treatment. They surged to and fro in the house, and acted with indecent rudeness. They invaded the dining room and gobbled up everything visible. They staid till 6, and were only got rid of by shutting the door of the dining room so they could not get in there any more. Thus one great attraction was cut off. It seemed as though these society swells had never had anything to eat before.

At a ball given by the Chinese minister last season an uninvited mob of toughs of both sexes swarmed through the doorways and into the supper room, where some of them got so drunk on the minister's champagne that they had to be carried out. Open criticism, staring and impertinence characterized the throng. How proud the rest of the country is of Washington society. And when they go back to China how Mme. Yang Yu and her husband will urge their fellow countrymen to send here and get great batches of missionaries to teach them the beautiful western Christianity, courtesy and civilization!

Jim's Gentlemanhood.

Undoubtedly James J. Corbett, Esq., is a gentleman of the first water and the purest cut. We have been told so over and again. But we do regret that accidents happen occasionally which seem to split the great prizefighter's gentlemanliness to ribbons. We regret this, for it will cause doubts to arise in the minds of unbelievers as to the noble and high minded motives that prompt the deeds of members of the prize fighting profession. It is too bad to have a doubt cast upon their stainless reputations for morality and courtesy.

Nevertheless truth is truth. There is no doubt but the Hon. James J., trusting in his superior strength as a champion bruiser, tried to smoke a cigarette in his dressing room in the Philadelphia theater where he was thrilling audiences nightly with his delineation of a first class gentleman in "The Naval Cadet." This was against the rules because of the danger of fire. When a plucky little fireman, with a good nose for tobacco smoke, caught Gentleman Jim at it and requested him to stop, it is recorded that G. J., in spite of being the flower of chivalry and courtesy, shoved the little fireman out and banged the door on him. We are pained to find also that this immaculate being used profane language. When the fireman tried to reenter the room, the big fighter began to thump and kick him unmercifully, just as if G. J. had been a barroom loafer, the meanest kind of a one too. But all the world rejoices to know that the plucky little fireman gave G. J. a good, stinging rap over the mouth and then caught him by the legs and slid him down stairs on his back. Brave little fireman!

But it is too bad that the reputation of prize fighting gentlemen must suffer so from these occasional lapses.

How to Make a School Bag.

Make the bag of denim, plain dark blue or red, a little larger than the largest book to be carried. If it is desired to be 13 by 9 inches, fold a piece of goods 13 by 29 inches, even in the middle. Turn in the raw edges and stitch up the end on the right side. Stitch an inch band near the opening of the bag. Cover two pieces of rope with denim for handles and sew securely, one to the middle of each side. Then with A dmc twisted embroidery silk in black work on one side the words "School Bag," with the name or initials of the owner. A shallow pocket with a buttoned flap may be set inside to hold pencils, erasers, etc.

How to Make a Pretty Table Centerpiece.

Hollow in the center of a square block of ice the shape of a bowl. Place in this enough flowers and leaves to fill the space. In the cracks between the lumps of ice fasten smilax, which will trail out and cover the block. The effect is lovely.

How to Save Much Care in the House.

Brooms should be hung in a coat way to be kept soft and pliant.

A spoonful of grated horseradish will keep a pan of milk sweet for days.

A looking glass may be polished better by means of a newspaper than with linen or chamois.

Windows may be kept free from ice by rubbing the glass with a sponge dipped in alcohol.

Ink stains may be removed from furniture by applying a solution of nitter and water with a brush.

Charges With Forgery.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 8.—Ex-Mayor J. H. Rhodes of Carey is under arrest charged with forging the firm name of John S. Baird & Company of this city to checks.

Captured by a Woman.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Feb. 8.—Joseph C. Nichols is under arrest charged with outraging a 10-year-old girl. He was captured by the girl's mother.

Abandoned the Idea.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The London Athletic club has abandoned for the present the idea of issuing a challenge to meet a team from the New York Athletic club in this city during 1896.

Under Arrest in Cuba.

UPPER SANDUSKY, O., Feb. 8.—Word from Cuba is to the effect that two of the insurgents, under arrest by the Spaniards, are Upper Sanduskians, Hugh and Will Meighan.

Accepts the Responsibility.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Baron Marschall von Bieberstein announced that he accepted the responsibility for Emperor William's dispatch to President Kruger congratulating the latter upon having suppressed the invaders of the territory of the South African republic.

SEVENTY-SECOND ASSEMBLY.

In the House.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 8.—Bills were introduced in one house as follows:

Mr. Wise, to tax coal mines and oil wells and taxing foreign coal and oil the same as other merchandise.

Mr. Howard, giving probate courts authority to release mortgages for assignees and trustees.

Mr. Gray, requiring all costs in justices' courts shall be paid before an appeal can be taken.

Mr. Rutherford, increasing penalty for girdling trees.

Mr. Kelly, prohibiting insurance companies from insuring children under 10.

Mr. Hard, requiring the supreme court to pass on the weight of evidence, and providing that circuit courts shall not do so except where they have original jurisdiction.

Mr. Latta, authorizing sheriffs to collect fees before summoning jurors to fill a panel.

Mr. Cassidy, extending time to six weeks in which a corporation may show cause why it should not be dissolved.

Senate per announced the resignation of Mr. Smith from the house committee on [illegible] and the appointment of Mr. A. Vance.

Mr. Mehaffey introduced resolutions and [illegible] for a joint convention for the purpose of electing trustees of the Deaf and Dumb institution, which was passed.

Mr. McKinney introduced a bill placing a tax of 50c per ounce and $25 on wholesale tobacco dealers.

In the Senate.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 8.—Bills were introduced in the senate as follows:

Mr. Sheppard, reducing fees of county officials about one-third.

Mr. Sigler, requiring that in all shops where dangerous machinery is used, blowers must be provided.

Mr. Sigler, permitting children under 14 to attend nearest school in districts of the first class.

Mr. Sparks, requiring street car conductors to go ahead where lines intersect before crossing.

House bill prohibiting petitions names in partnership was passed.

Mr. Sargent's bill providing for issuing refunding school bonds was passed.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Mr. Frye (Rep., Me.) was unanimously chosen president pro tem of the senate.

Mr. Wolcott (Rep., Col.) secured the passage of a bill opening the forest reservations of Colorado for the locating of mining claims.

Mr. Allen addressed the senate on the Davis resolution relative to the Monroe doctrine.

A resolution offered by Mr. Stewart was agreed to calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to the estimated increase in revenues if the pending tariff bill becomes law, and what the duty on wool per pound would be under the law based on the present price of wool.

The Hawaiian resolution was discussed and Senators Morgan and Gallinger severely criticized Minister Thurston, the creature of the president.

The resolution contemplating a reform in handling appropriation bills by distributing them among the several committees was taken up and Mr. Allison moved to refer the resolution to the committee on rules to be reported back without amendment the first Monday of next December. Agreed to.

A. J. Shaw of Washington state was nominated for secretary of the senate by a caucus of the Republicans, and Mr. H. L. Grant of North Carolina for sergeant at arms.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—In the house Mr. Boutelle offered a resolution charging Mr. Talbert with misconduct in his office as sergeant at arms in that he had caused to be placed upon the rolls of the house the name of a person who was not entitled to the position, and that he had illegally and improperly appointed another person to the place, and that he had thereby caused the government to pay two salaries for one position. Referred to the committee on rules.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the bill to provide for the erection of a building for the use of the department of agriculture in Washington, and was in session when we went to press.

PASSED OVER.

Hon. William H. English Dead After a Two Weeks' Illness.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 8.—William H. English died at his home in this city at 1 o'clock this morning. He had been ill with the grippe two weeks. Several days ago there seemed to be a marked improvement in his condition, but a relapse took place and he became worse. While his naturally strong constitution gave Mr. English his friends hope for his recovery, his condition has throughout been considered grave. For the last three days the patient had lapses of unconsciousness, and since last night he has been able only at long intervals to recognize persons about his bedside.

Those present when death came were Mrs. Watkins, daughter of Mr. English, and her husband; Dr. Franklin Hayes, the family physician; Mr. English's private secretary and Will E. English, his son.

While no details for the funeral have as yet been arranged, the statement has been given out that the interment will be at Crown Hill cemetery, this city, on Sunday afternoon.

Steam Plowing.

FOWLER, Ind., Feb. 8.—Five thousand acres of the Kankakee swamps, north of this city, are to be plowed up and put in corn in the early spring. A traction engine drawing five plows, equal to the work of 25 horses, has been purchased for the work.

A Call to Oregon.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Feb. 8.—The Rev. N. F. Leininger of Wesleyan church of this city has received a call to the Northwest conference, has accepted the position and will locate in Oregon where he has charge of a church.

Assault and Battery.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Feb. 8.—Peter Crivan, charged with criminal assault on Mrs. Sidney Thompson, was convicted of assault and battery and fined $10 and six months in jail.

Liabilities Are Large.

ANGOLA, Ind., Feb. 8.—L. A. Hendry, extensive merchant, has assigned with liabilities of $80,000.

Gone Down the River.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—President Cleveland left the city shortly after midnight on a lighthouse tender for a trip down the river.

Wants Some Instruction.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 8.—The sultan has invited the embassies of the powers to prepare their views on the demands of the Zeitounlis.

What the Canal Will Cost.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The Nicaragua canal commission's estimate of the cost of the canal is $133,472,863.

A Warehouse Burned.

DANVILLE, Va., Feb. 8.—The Exchange warehouse was destroyed by fire. Loss, $25,000.

Turf Winners.

At New Orleans: Murano, Anger, Chattanooga, Dick, Brian, Tartarian, Cossack.

Troops Are Moved Up.

AUSTIN, Feb. 8.—Adjutant General Mabry has ordered the Texas rangers to move nearer El Paso, so as to be in readiness for instant service in case the prize fighters attempt to pull their fight off on Texas soil. The officials are reticent on this subject, but it is known that the adjutant general has been informed privately that the fighters would attempt to decide in the woods near El Paso on Texas soil.

Only Killed a Banker.

BOONE, Ia., Feb. 8.—Last month Stanhope Forster shot and killed Banker McFarland for seducing his daughter. A week later the girl killed herself in Omaha. Friday Forster was acquitted of the murder after a week's trial. The jury was out but five minutes. When the verdict was announced men and women arose to their feet and cheered at the top of their voices.

An Ohio Man Suicides.

HARLEYSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 8.—John C. Woodhead, who recently removed to this place from Columbus, O., committed suicide. He first tried to kill his wife, but was prevented by his young son, who knocked the revolver from his hand. The bullet struck Mrs. Woodhead, but she was not seriously injured. The motive for Woodhead's crime is not known.

Tug Towed Into Port.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 8.—The ocean tug Thomas J. Scully was towed into port in a disabled condition. The boat sustained its injuries in trying to make New London harbor with a tow of four barges. One of these, the Wauseutta, sank. The Elgore, another of the barges, was picked up at Branford beach. The other two are still missing.

Kate Wants a Divorce.

PERRY, O. T., Feb. 8.—Kate L. Newman, daughter of Captain Dawson, United States army, now stationed at Fort Reno, has sued R. S. Newman, formerly in the army, now a Chicago banker, for divorce. The wedding took place in Washington and have been prominent in society in Washington and New York city.

Not Prepared to Accept.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—Baron de Courcel, the French ambassador to Russia, writing for the benefit of the French institute, which has the charge of a permanent court of arbitration, says he is sure that the Russian government proposed to accept an authority thus constituted.

Gordon Sentenced to Prison.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—John Gordon, recently convicted of arson in the third degree after a trial of unprecedented duration, considering the nature of the crime was sentenced to six years and six months in state's prison.

The Weather.

For Ohio: West Virginia [illegible] fair, slightly warmer.

For Indiana: [illegible]

Preparing Relief Measures.

[illegible]

LOCAL TIME CARD

[illegible]

P F W & C

[illegible]

C H & D R R

[illegible]

L E & W R R

[illegible]

C L & E

[illegible]

OHIO SOUTHERN

[illegible]

T I & N O R R

[illegible]

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

Upon the Death of Frederick B Agerter Adopted by the Allen County Democratic Club

[illegible]

REV SWANSON

Will be installed as Pastor one Week From Monday

Rev I J Swanson the new pastor of the Congregational church is to be installed Monday, February 17 A council has been called for that purpose to consist of Prof Graham Taylor of Chicago Rev Dr Fisk and Rev Thomas P Thomas of Toledo Rev Dr Fraser, of Cleveland Rev Davies of Gomer, Rev J G Thomas of Lima and Rev Evans of Vaughnsville

Rev Swanson is a Scotchman by birth and an American by choice and conviction He has resided in Canada and the states about fifteen years He has received a thorough education for the ministry He was prepared for matriculation in Toronto University Scotland and completed his arts course in McGill University being graduated B A in 1887 He is an alumnus of the Congregational college of Canada and a B D of Chicago Seminary He comes to Lima from a successful pastorate in Orland, Ill He has served his denomination in important position having been moderator and also registrar of Central Illinois Congregational conference and a corporate member of the State Home Missionary Society His experience and qualifications promise a successful pastorate in Lima

SABBATH SERVICES

BLACK M E CHURCH

Sunday school 9 a m services by pastor at 10 a m, Epworth League, led by Dr Rudy, subject What Do Courageous Have We for Work Sermon by pastor at 6 p m all are invited

S P BRADNER Pastor

CALVARY PROTESTANT CHURCH

Corner High and Cemetery streets Services Preaching 10 a m The Secular Made Sacred and 7 p m Paul Stoned Sunday school 3 p m prayer meeting Thursday 7 p m all welcome

D H [illegible] Pastor

TRINITY M E CHURCH

Class 9 a m preaching 10 a m and 7 p m Bible school 11 30 a m Epworth League 6 p m the people invited

H H BETHARDS Pastor

GENERAL SYNOD LUTHERAN CHURCH,

Corner Spring and Pierce streets A short session of the Sunday school will be held beginning promptly at 9 a m The funeral sermon of Prof Immel will be held at 10 a m Further services at 7 p m Y P S C E at 6 p m You are welcome

J J MILLER

NEW ZION [illegible]

East Market street Sunday school 9 a m [illegible] meeting 7 p m Epworth League 6 p m preaching 7 p m

[illegible]

SABBATH SERVICES

[illegible]

Union street Sunday school at 9 a m regular morning services at 10 15 evening services at 7 p m Luther Leagues at 6 p m Important congregational meeting after morning service A good attendance is desired

CARL ACKERMANN, Pastor.

OIL AND GAS

BUMPTIFIELD OIL NEWS

The Beeler well is a duster and has been shot again

Sherman Ross No 1 is a good producer

The Bernhardt Crideville oil company's Bowsher Heirs No 1 makes a good showing and was to have been shot to day

The Crideville Oil company will begin well No 2 on the Amos Mowery immediately

TENNESSEE OIL

The following letter from Jamestown, Tenn to the Van Wert Bulletin will be of interest to Lima people

I will say for the benefit of those who are interested in the oil business that this country surely abounds with the product I have just returned from a two days trip on horseback over the Cumberland mountains a distance of 75 miles to the different wells which were drilled in the valleys I saw the famous gusher that flowed 60 barrels per hour at a depth of less than 60 feet from the surface and only three feet in the oil sand This well continued to flow at that rate until it caught fire and burned everything in sight There was a river of burning oil for miles as the well is on the banks of the Obey river and the oil flowed down the same On my way to this well I saw the oil seeping out of the foot of the mountain and coursing its way to the streams I took a stick and dug an oil well in the sand and in a few minutes had a flowing well This would seem to invite small operators but I would advise them to play a little low for this is a very rough country and will be very expensive putting, excepting the valleys which are a very small per cent as they are very narrow

The Standard Oil company is preparing to make rapid and extensive operations The excitement here runs high It put me in mind of my experience in Oklahoma during the first settlement excepting the country and people Instead of the vast plains and settlers we have the huge mountains and the miners who in their secluded covers make the sparkling mountain dew

Heart and Stomach Troubles

For years past I was in poor health with a terrible nasal catarrh both and [illegible] difficulty I was terribly reduced in weight and was unable to attend to my work I then heard about the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to try it Before I had finished the first bottle I felt a decided improvement My appetite returned food began to taste good and my stomach digested what I ate I have now taken twelve bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and now I do not need to take it regularly I take a few doses when ever I feel the need of it and it relieves and tones up my system E M Griffith Vandalia Ohio

Grace Church Revival

The revival at Grace M E church is marvelous in the way of conversions It has found the better way Last evening many happy conversions The house is filled The interest is simply wonderful The pastor is earnest and persevering The good work goes right on

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for cuts bruises Sores Ulcers Salt rheum Fever Sores Tetter Chapped hands Chilblains Corns and all Skin eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded Price 25 cents per box For sale by Melville Bros

The Octaveens

will meet Tuesday evening with Mrs Henderson Worldly [illegible] Mrs [illegible] Pres Mrs K W Melly Secy

Simon S Hartman of Tunnelton W Va has been subject to attacks of colic about once a year and would have it in a dreadful manner for about twelve hours as much as some days when they came It was taken recently just the same as at other times and concluded to try Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy He says I took one dose of it and it gave me relief in five minutes That was more than any thing else has ever done for me For sale by Melville Bros, next to P O, C W Helster, 58 Public Square

Huyler's Pure Delicious Cocoa and Chocolates are sold by all grocers Ask for Huyler's and take no other

We Sharpen

knives scissors saws and all edge tools Bicycles for sale rented and repaired Clothes ringers repaired

SAW AND BICYCLE WORKS, 210 east Market St

A PLEASANT DAY

Spent By the Ladies of the U B Aid Society

The following ladies of the U B Aid Society met at Mr and Mrs Schlabs Wednesday and spent the day with them as they expect to leave Lima in a short time to make their home at Jackson Center We dislike to lose them but our loss will be Jackson Center gain and we hope they will find as good and true friends as they leave We will miss them in our life but one and all wish them joy and success in their future home May their table afford them all the good things of this life as was placed before us Wednesday Those there were Mesdames Clark Howard Newman Vannatta Moon Allen Stewart Laubwick Benson Clark [illegible] Gerard [illegible] Stutzman Wright Mullaugh Sheffer [illegible] Vannatta Staples, Rumbaugh [illegible] Schultz and Misses Schlabb and Mollie G Sheffer and S Vannatta

Lima Up to Date

The services of Mr C H Lub of Cincinnati have been secured by Hoover Bros for their bicycle and sewing machine department Mr Ruby has been traveling for four years for the leading makes of bicycles He is fully posted in all lines and makes of cycles, and takes pleasure in showing and explaining the numerous makes of bicycles at Hoover Bros store

Mr Ruby has also fourteen years experience in the sewing machine business and has long been classed as one of Ohio's experts in that line Mr Ruby and family will locate in Lima

Hoover Bros deserve credit and as they are in the business to stay will get a good share of the trade

Announcement

The Religio Philosophical Society, in its efforts to arouse interest in things spiritual and philosophical during the past few weeks has certainly been very successful Large audiences have welcomed each lecture The appreciation manifested by the citizens has been very gratifying Indeed to such a degree has the public displayed its interest that the society has determined to continue these lectures up in the same generous basis it began with but one exception Thus far only a collection has been accepted from the attendance to the evening lecture but in the future the small fee of ten cents will be collected at the entrance (evening only) This change was deemed advisable since the recent expenditure for furniture and increase of all rent The public will doubtless take into consideration the fact that the society does not enjoy the privileges of property exemption from taxation The management of the lecture has been at a sacrifice and will continue to be even under the new arrangements The only remuneration the society receives is the appreciation of the public and the accomplishment of much good

COMMITTEE

Have your grocer send you some of Huyler's Cocoa and Chocolates with your next order Once tried always used

A Baby's Life Saved

ATTICA O May 16, 1894 — Dr D B Hand — We owe our child's life to Dr Hand's Colic Cure When all other remedies and doctors failed it gave relief in one hour's time It is with pleasure that I recommend all of Dr Hand's Remedies for Children Any mother using them can be sure of getting an article that is safe effective and reliable Mrs C M Stutzman Dr Hand's Colic Cure and all of Dr Hand's Remedies for Children 25c at all drug stores

A Chinese Traveler

Arthur H Smith in his wonderfully bright [illegible] Chinese Characteristics [illegible] the [illegible] of Chinese [illegible] on [illegible] and two [illegible] hours [illegible] into a well [illegible] And why we inquire in surprise should not a Chinese traveler make advantage of the opportunity to make a trip with [illegible] would not go into a well [illegible] from [illegible] to the other or have in his possession something which the other [illegible] that other [illegible] push his companion into the well [illegible] Prof Sam G Murray in Century

Threw Away His Canes

Mr D Wiley ex postmaster Black Creek N Y was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that he was only able to hobble around with canes and even then it caused him great pain After using Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was so much improved that he threw away his canes He says this moment did him more good than all other medicines and treatment put together For sale at 50 cents per bottle by Melville Bros next to P O C W Helster 58 Public Square

She Would be a Beauty If

Her face wasn't covered with pimples and blotches How often we hear this expression Tis a pity this beauty with an if did not go to Northrop drug store on the corner Main and North sts and get a trial (50c) bottle of Foley's Sarsaparilla which would soon clear her complexion

How Mrs Leonard Got Her

Recently while [illegible] stiff from rheumatism and [illegible] covered with a quantity of [illegible] blended and powdered to a paste flavor with orange flower water and [illegible] a few drops of almond extract

Dr Hand's Colic Cure

SPRINGFIELD O Jan 5 1894 — The Hand Medicine Co, Philadelphia — We have used the sample bottle of Dr Hand's Colic Cure with entire success and find that it does all that is claimed for it No praise can be too great for such a truly wonderful remedy and we cheerfully recommend it to anyone having a baby with the colic I remain sincerely yours Ferdinand M King, 86 Scott street Dr Hand's Remedies for Children sold by all druggists 25c

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

It May Do as Much for You

Mr Iren Miller, of Irving Ill writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief One bottle will prove our statement Price fifty cents and $1 per large bottle At Melville's drug store

Smart Bigger

George—Mabel, my own dear love, I beg of you to name the day

Mabel—But George, dear, remember, I'm only a week

George (aware of her mathematical doubts)—Two dollars a week for sooth! I haven't told you darling—I have kept it as a little surprise for you—but I now get $100 in two years

Mabel (falling into his arms)—Oh, George, how happy we shall be!—Washington Star

UNEQUALLED IN MEDICAL ANNALS

A Patient Cured who was Afflicted with Rheumatism, Locomotor Ataxia in the Legs and Paralysis of the Throat.

It was in Prescott, Mich., the Patient was an Old Soldier and has Hundreds of Friends. The Case Reads Like a Miracle.

From the Lakeside Monitor, Au Sable, Mich.

The publisher of this paper having some business to transact at Prescott, Ogemaw Co., Mich., on Monday last, repaired to that hamlet. While there he chanced to learn of a remarkable recovery from an illness of thirty-three years standing, the fortunate person being Thomas F. Galvin. The writer hunted that gentleman up, introduced himself, and requested Mr. Galvin to give a brief history of his terrible disease and some history of himself. Mr. Galvin's trouble culminated three or four years since in three diseases—Rheumatism, affecting the general system; locomotor ataxia, affecting the legs, rendering him unable to direct his course in walking, and paralysis, rendering him unable to use lips, throat or palate.

In giving a history of his trouble, Mr. Galvin said:

"In 1861 I enlisted in the army and was made captain of Co. H., 46th Illinois Infantry. I was stationed at Paducah, Ky.; in September of that year and while there caught cold and contracted rheumatism. I was in the hospital there three months; when I recovered sufficiently to report for duty, although far from well. Previous to this time I had never been sick a day in my life and weighed 195 pounds. I continued in the service during the war, although suffering all the time from rheumatism. At the close of the war, I was discharged and a few months afterwards granted a pension of $9 per month for my disabilities. I was never free from pain for thirty-three long years until late last fall or early in the winter. I continued to grow worse all the time during the entire period until last November. I was then in a pitiable condition. I had been stricken with paralysis and locomotor ataxia in addition to my rheumatism. For three years I was helpless. I could not talk because of paralysis, I could not walk because of the locomotor ataxia, and my hands, arms and legs were all out of shape, withered and drawn, from rheumatism. You see my knees now. Just as limber as yours. Last summer I could not move my knees, nor could I get them together within six inches. You see my knees, straight and nearly recovered from their stiffness. At that time, if I attempted to walk I was liable to go backwards or sideways or fall down as I was to go forwards, because of the lack of power of locomotion. I prayed for rest in death and be relieved of my sufferings.

"God is not been that our Government saw fit to increase my pension from $9 to $17 per month and pay me $2,140 back pension, I should have suffered for the necessities of life.

"Before this time I had treated with the best medical men of Detroit, Cleveland, Milwaukee, Chicago and several other northern cities, but as I said, grew gradually worse until I would not have given $1 for my chances of life last November, and, in fact, would rather have been dead than alive. I only weighed 130 pounds. You see me to-day. I weigh 175 and am free from pain entirely, am slowly but surely gaining strength. You see I get up stairs all right, and I come up three stairs a dozen times a day now. You would not discover that I was ever unable to speak. I shall go to work with my uncle as a carpenter soon, so as to help me increase in strength. I was so long unable to take a step that I do not feel hardly safe on my pins yet, although I have not fallen down in several months. I am learning the use of my legs, hands, arms and muscle again. I guess you will think I have recovered the use of the latter if I keep on, but I want to practice up again and make up for lost time and tell every one of my new happy lot.

"I want to say now that for two years previous to last November I had [illegible] to perform, but little labor, was able to do, and for nearly three years I [illegible] an anvil shoper. Mr. Anthony [illegible] here, with whom I boarded, will tell you that they did not expect to hear from me in the morning when they came to wake me for over two years. But here I am yet, can walk six or seven miles any pleasant day without discomfort. My appetite is good and I enjoy sleep. If I was taken as bad as ever again tomorrow, I have enjoyed life so well for seven months, that it is a cheap at three times paid me for the trouble and expense I have been to get relief.

"You ask me how I got relief? Well I had not forgotten that part of it by a good deal. But I am so happy when talking and talking about my recovery, that I can not get in everything at once. No one who has never can appreciate my condition before last November, and now I want to say to any one who may be afflicted with either rheumatism, locomotor ataxia or paralysis, that if they will write me, I will make affidavit as to the facts that I have stated and to what I consider my recovery.

"As I stated, last November I was at my worst, could neither eat, sleep, walk, talk, nor use my hands or feet in any way. I read in some newspaper of some one who had been similarly affected as I was. This person had sought care everywhere for years and given up to die, when he commenced taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and was cured. I did not have any faith in them, but was prevailed upon to buy a half dozen boxes for $2.50. I commenced taking them the first of November, and in ninety days following directions closely, I could see a marked improvement in my condition.

"Well, I kept right on following instructions to the letter. I bought another half dozen boxes and then a third, of which I have left nearly two boxes. It has cost me $7.50 and I am going to make it an even $10 before I stop. Not that I fear that I can not succeed, for I never felt better every way in my life. But I don't propose to take any chances on quitting too soon.

"Am I sure that Pink Pills cured me? Why should I not be? Did I not suffer the agonies of hell for years without relief? When I took Pink Pills and came out in the shape I am, as you see me today and then ask me if I am sure? Is a man sure he is going to die some time? I am just as sure Pink Pills cured me as you are sure that you are going to a long rest some time. Sure Pink Pills cured me? Well, I am happy to remark, yes! A thousand times yes!

"I know positively that I was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I believe firmly that it is the most wonderful remedy in existence today, and every fact I have presented to you is known to my neighbors as well as to myself and they will certify to the truth of my remarkable cure."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration, all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade-mark and wrapper at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and are never sold in bulk. They may be had of all druggists.

Expert Opinion

The Canadian Government recently sent an appraiser to the principal bicycle factories in this country, to determine the exact value of various makes for import into Canada. After an exhaustive investigation, his report to his Government rated

Columbia Bicycles

7½ per cent. higher than any other make and they pay duty accordingly. This but confirms the popular verdict. Columbias are

STANDARD OF THE WORLD.

Unequaled, Unapproached.

Beautiful Art Catalogue of Colombia and Hartford Bicycles is free if you call upon any Columbia agent; by mail from us for two 2-cent stamps.

POPE MANUFACTURING CO.

Factories and General Offices, Hartford, Conn.

Branch Stores and Agencies in almost every city and town. If Columbias are not properly represented in your vicinity let us know.

Executor's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of Rebecca Elizabeth Fahey, late of Allen county Ohio, deceased. P. A. FOREY.

HUMPHREYS'

SPECIFICS are scientifically prepared Remedies, have been used for half a century with entire success.

No.	SPECIFIC FOR
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.
2	Worm Fever, Worm Colic.
3	Teething, Colic, Crying Wakefulness
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.
15	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head
20	Whooping Cough,
27	Kidney Diseases,
28	Nervous Debility
30	Urinary Weakness,
31	Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria

"77" for GRIP.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid, on receipt of price, 25c., 50c. & $1.00, may be assorted, except 28, 31, size only, in Humphreys' Homeo. Specific Medicine, HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

WILCOX COMPOUND

TANSY PILLS

Safe and SURE. Always reliable. Take no substitute. For sale by all druggists, $2.00. Send 4c. for Women's Safeguard. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., 238 SOUTH EIGHTH ST., PHILADA., PA.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all local Druggists. Philadelphia, Pa.

GATES' FLORIDA EXCURSION

Via C., H. & D. Ry.

Gates' Florida Special composed of Compartment, Drawing Room, Sleeping and Dining Cars, will leave March 1, visiting Tampa, Winter Park, Lake Worth, St. Augustine, Jacksonville, Fla., Savannah, Ga., Asheville, N. C., and many places of interest in the "Sunny South."

Tickets including railroad fare, meals in dining car, hotels and every expense for the entire journey of over 3000 miles.

For program giving full information apply to any ticket agent of the C., H. & D. Ry.

1-29-2w

OF A GARDEN.

Within my garden's bounds are two
Roses I recently and sad regret,
And were to my orchard blossoms glow
The wonder of life forever blow.

Here falls the rain, here springs the seed.
The perfect flower, the perfect weed,
Rise side by side,
In equal sunlight, satisfied.

The fruit that mingles gold and red
Is born of beauty withered.
The fruit that mingles red and gold
Is young because the branch is old.

My garden and the world include
Alike the thistle and the rose.
My garden and the world are one
In kinship both of storm and sun.

—New York Tribune.

THE MIRROR.

There was once a kingdom where mirrors were unknown. They had all been broken and reduced to fragments by order of the queen, and if the tiniest bit of looking glass had been found in any house she would not have hesitated to put all the inmates to death with the most frightful tortures.

Now for the secret of this extraordinary caprice. The queen was dreadfully ugly, and she did not wish to be exposed to the risk of meeting her own image, and knowing herself to be hideous it was a consolation to know that other women at least could not see that they were pretty.

You may imagine that the young girls of the country were not at all satisfied. What was the use of being beautiful if you could not admire yourself?

They might have used the brooks and lakes for mirrors, but the queen had foreseen that and had hidden all of them under closely joined flagstones. Water was drawn from wells so deep that it was impossible to see the liquid surface, and shallow basins must be used instead of buckets, because in the latter there might be reflections.

Such a dismal state of affairs, especially for the pretty coquettes, who were no more rare in this country than in others!

The queen had no compassion, being well content that her subjects should suffer as much annoyance from the lack of a mirror as she felt at the sight of one.

However, in a suburb of the city there lived a young girl called Jacinta, who was a little better off than the rest, thanks to her sweetheart, Valentin. For if some one thinks you are beautiful and loses no chance to tell you so he is almost as good as a mirror.

"Tell me the truth," she would say. "What is the color of my eyes?"

"They are like dewy forgetmenots."

"And my skin is not quite black?"

"You know that your forehead is whiter than freshly fallen snow, and your cheeks are like blush roses."

"How about my lips?"

"Cherries are pale beside them."

"And my teeth, if you please?"

"Grains of rice are not as white."

"But my ears—should I be ashamed of them?"

"Yes, if you would be ashamed of two little pink shells among your pretty curls."

And so on endlessly, she delighted, he still more charmed, for his words came from the depth of his heart, and she had the pleasure of hearing herself praised, to the delight of seeing her. So their love grew more deep and tender every hour, and the day that he asked her to marry him she blushed certainly, but it was not with anger. But, unluckily, the news of their happiness reached the wicked queen, whose only pleasure was to torment others, and Jacinta more than any one else, on account of her beauty.

A little while before the marriage Jacinta was walking in the orchard one evening when an old crone approached, asking for alms, but suddenly jumped back with a shriek as if she had stepped on a toad, crying, "Heavens, what do I see?"

"What is the matter, my good woman? What is it you see? Tell me."

"The ugliest creature I ever beheld."

"Then you are not looking at me," said Jacinta, with innocent vanity.

"Alas! yes, my poor child, it is you. I have been a long time on this earth, but never have I met any one so hideous as you!"

"What! Am I ugly?"

"A hundred times uglier than I can tell you."

"But my eyes"—

"They are a sort of dirty gray. But that would be nothing if you had not such an outrageous squint!"

"My complexion"—

"It looks as if you had rubbed coal dust on your forehead and cheeks."

"My mouth"—

"It is pale and withered, like a faded flower."

"My teeth"—

"If the beauty of teeth is to be large and yellow, I never saw any so beautiful as yours."

"But, at least, my ears"—

"They are so big, so red and so misshapen under your coarse off locks that they are revolting. I am not pretty myself, but I should die of shame if mine were like them." After this last blow the old witch, having repeated what the queen had taught her, hobbled off, with a harsh croak of laughter, leaving poor Jacinta dissolved in tears, prone on the ground beneath the apple trees.

Nothing could divert her mind from her grief. "I am ugly—I am ugly!" she repeated constantly. It was in vain that Valentin assured and reassured her with the most solemn oaths.

"Let me alone! You are lying out of pity. I understand it all now. You never loved me. You are only sorry for me. The beggar woman had no interest in deceiving me. It is only too true—I am ugly. I can not see how you can endure the sight of me."

To undeceive her he brought people from far and near. Every man declared that Jacinta was created to delight the eyes. Even the women said as much, though they were less enthusiastic. But the poor child persisted in her conviction that she was a repulsive object, and when Valentin pressed her to name their wedding day, "I, your wife!" cried she. "Never! I love you too dearly to burden you with a being so hideous as I am." You can fancy the despair of the poor fellow so sincerely in love. He threw himself on his knees, he prayed, he supplicated; she answered still that she was too ugly to marry him.

What was he to do? The only way to give the lie to the old woman and prove the truth to Jacinta was to put a mirror before her. But there was no such thing in the kingdom, and so great was the terror inspired by the queen that no workman dared make one.

"Well, I shall go to court," said the lover in despair. "Harsh as our mistress is, she cannot fail to be moved by the tears and the beauty of Jacinta. She will retract, for a few hours at least, this cruel edict which has caused our trouble."

It was not without difficulty that he persuaded the young girl to let him take her to the palace. She did not like to show herself and asked of what use would be a mirror, only to impress her more deeply with her misfortune. But when he wept her heart was moved, and she consented to please him.

"What is all this?" said the wicked queen. "Who are these people? And what do they want?"

"Your majesty, you have before you the most unfortunate lover on the face of the earth."

"Do you consider that a good reason for coming here to annoy me?"

"Have pity on me."

"What have I to do with your love affairs?"

"If you would permit a mirror"—

The queen rose to her feet, trembling with rage. "Who dares to speak to me of a mirror?" she said, grinding her teeth.

"Do not be angry, your majesty, I beg of you, and deign to hear me. This young girl whom you see before you, so fresh and pretty, is the victim of a strange delusion. She imagines that she is ugly."

"Well," said the queen, with a malicious grin, "she is right. I never saw a more hideous object."

Jacinta, at these cruel words, thought she would die of mortification. Doubt was no longer possible; she must be ugly. Her eyes closed; she fell on the steps of the throne in a deadly swoon.

But Valentin was affected very differently. He cried out loudly that her majesty must be mad to tell such a lie. He had no time to say more. The guards seized him, and at a sign from the queen the headsman came forward. He was always beside the throne, for she might need his services at any moment.

"Do your duty," said the queen, pointing out the man who had insulted her. The executioner raised his gleaming ax just as Jacinta came to herself and opened her eyes. Then two shrieks pierced the air. One was a cry of joy, for in the glittering steel Jacinta saw herself, so charmingly pretty, and the other a scream of anguish as the wicked soul of the queen took flight, unable to bear the sight of her face in the impromptu mirror.—From the French in Short Stories.

Punishing a Bell.

The Kamanelie Kolcko, or bell, is one of the most curious sights in Tobolsk. This bell is called by the Russians "the bell with the ear torn off" and is kept in a kind of shed near the archbishop's palace, where its romantic history is always to be heard. In the sixteenth century Prince Dimitri, the rightful heir to the Russian throne, was deposed by a revolt headed by Boris Godunoff, who was then proclaimed czar. The seat of the Russian government was at Uglich, and there Dimitri was sent to be under the immediate control of the unlawful ruler.

The usurper, fearing that the populace might awake to the claims of the young prince, planned his assassination, and he was one day stabbed in the yard, none of the bystanders showing the slightest disposition to help him.

A priest, however, who saw the crime from the cathedral belfry, immediately commenced to toll the great bell, which was only rung on such occasions as the coronation of the czar.

The czar, furious at this expression of reproach, commanded that the priest should be tortured and executed, and that the bell should be pulled down and placed beside the body of its ringer. The order was fulfilled, and the bell was beaten by the whole populace headed by the czar himself.

In those days Siberian exiles were tortured before setting out on their journey by having their nostrils torn off with redhot pinchers. It was decreed that the bell should be exiled to Tobolsk, but as it had no nostrils the ruler of all the Russias commanded, with grim humor, that one of its clappers should be removed in order to indicate its disgrace.—London Tit-Bits.

Tips Expected For Free Shining.

Many retail shoe dealers have in their stores a porter whose duty it is to polish the shoes of customers free of charge.

A movement is now on foot among some of the barbers to establish the same custom in connection with their business, and it will be no surprise if the new year finds signs hanging in some of the shops reading, "Shoes polished free of charge."

Of course those who start the custom will have a large run of new trade, 25 per cent of which they will retain, after the custom becomes generally established, if good barbers are employed.

A shoe dealer who was one of the first to establish the custom said the cost is practically nothing after the original outlay for chairs and brushes, as the colored porter is well paid by the tips he receives.

It is contended by some of the barbers that the porter would be well paid for his trouble by tips and the customer would feel that he had saved money by getting shaved there, as no one considers money given away in tips as money spent.—Chicago Journal.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA.

Physicians Urgently Advise Use of Dr Greene's Nervura.

Well Known Physicians Enthusiastic in Their Statements of the Wonderful Curative Powers of Dr. Greene's Nervura.

DR. JOB SWEET.

One of the most noted physicians and surgeons is Dr. Job Sweet, of New Bedford, Mass. He makes the public statement that he has often recommended the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to his patients who have been suffering from nervous troubles and he has learned that in a large number of these cases it has proven efficacious.

Dr. Willard H. Morse, F. R. S. Sc., of Westfield, N. J., the great expert on medicines, says of the grand discovery of Dr. Greene:—

"The true remedy for nervous diseases is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It acts by affecting the organs of nutrition, and entering into the formation of new nerve tissue, which generates nerve force. This means the making of new nerves."

The well-known Dr. Emil Neumer superintending physician of the N. Y. Lodge and Association Hospital says:—

"We are using Dr Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy at this hospital for our patients with good success."

Dr. B. D. Bickford, of Wolcott, Vt., states:—

"I have used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for some time, first trying it on myself, and I found it did me so much good that I now recommend it to my patients. The fact that I have used it in my own case shows that I know what I am talking about. As a tonic and invigorant it is the best of all to build up a person."

Dr. Robert W. Lance, of So. Woodbury, Vt., says:—

"I have known about Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and the good results in cases, as a tonic, after hard sickness, and the cure of nervous females. They have received great good from its use. I do not hesitate to recommend it."

Dr. C. W. Cook, of Carmel, Ind., says:—

"I have used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for my patients and have found the remedy all that was claimed for it. The results have been entirely satisfactory. I think it is worthy and I recommend its use."

Such enthusiastic endorsement by physicians stamps the remarkable medical discovery as the greatest restorer of health and strength. It certainly cures more cases of disease than any other known remedy. It makes all who take it strong and well. It is the prescription and discovery of a well known physician, Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14 St., New York City, who can be consulted without charge, personally or by letter.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 48[illegible]

Ex. Doc. 8. Page 228.

Chas. E. Cone, Plaintiff, vs. Mary Yeo, Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima Allen County Ohio, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 7th, A. D. 1896.

between the hours of one (1) o'clock and four (4) o'clock p. m. the following described lands and tenements, situate in Auglaize township, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section thirty-five (35) township four (4) south, range eight (8) east; thence west thirty (30) rods; thence south twenty (20) rods; thence west five (5) rods; thence south sixty (60) rods to the half section line; thence east on said half section line twenty-one and one-half (21½) rods; thence north forty-one (41) rods; thence east fourteen and one-half (14½) rods; thence north thirty-nine (39) rods to the place of beginning, containing fourteen and one half (14½) acres of land.

Also, the east half of the west part of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-five (35) township four (4) south, range eight (8) east in said county and state.

Appraised at $865.75.
Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, January 20, 1896.
Becker & Bryan, Plaintiff's Attorneys
d6w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8[illegible]5.

Ex. Doc. 8. Page 2[illegible]

Kahle & Kahle, Plaintiff, vs. J. A. Newell, Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, A. D. 1896,

between the hours of one (1) o'clock and four (4) o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements situate on south McDonald street in the city of Lima, Allen County, Ohio and described as follows, to-wit:

The undivided two-thirds (2-3) part of the north half (½) of the north half of lulot number eighty-nine (89), and the north half of the north half (¼) of lulot number ninety (90), both in McDonald's addition to the town of Lima, now numbered lots 440 and 441 in said Lima, Ohio.

Appraised at $1060.00.
Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, January 13, 1896.
P. A. Kahle, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. [illegible]

Ex. Doc. 8. Page 11[illegible]

Henry Finch, Plaintiff, vs. William A. Smiley et al., Def'ds, } Allen Pr. Sale In Court.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima Allen county, Ohio on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22d, A. D. 1896

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on West Wayne street, in the city of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lulot number two thousand six hundred and forty-five (2645) in the city of Lima, Ohio.

Appraised at $2400.
Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen county, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, January 30, 1896.
W. H. Leete, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Ex. Doc. 8. Page 22[illegible]

Geo. W. Mantle, Plaintiff, vs. Mary O'Mara, Defendant, } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8th, A. D. 1896.

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on the southeast corner of McCalf and Vine streets, in Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number three thousand five hundred and fifty-three (3553) in Fairview addition to Lima, Allen county, Ohio, and situated on the southeast corner of Vine and McCalf streets in said city and county.

Appraised at $[illegible].
Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, January 18th 1896.
Bratton & Bratton, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Assignee's Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of Lewis H. Shrowe. All persons indebted to said assignor will make immediate payment, and creditors will present their claims, duly authenticated, to the undersigned for allowance.

J. C. RIDENOUR, Assignee of Lewis H. Shrowe.

Lima, Ohio, January 30, 1896. 1-30-3w

LESBIA.

As I walked by the sweet river hedge a fancy
Theirs as light as I crossed them,
And methought that a sweeter hedge my Nancy,
Parted us two.

And I wondered how cannot forever we twain,
Breast high, adjustle with clouds and fear—
Laughed you at my scorn? Dost on your train?
And love these tears?

But life was made bitter for love to make sweet;
Thorns the rose, the rose makes amends.
Ah, child, let us run past these thorns and meet,
Kiss and be friends.

—May Brooksteen in New York Tribune.

HOW LITTLE GIRL KEPT THE SEAT.

Children Injured by Standing Up in Jerky Street Cars.

"Let the little girl get up and give the lady her seat," said a bewhiskered, neat-dressed old man in a Clark street car yesterday, as he rose and moved across the aisle and poked an the child's mother with his cane. The baby with her arms full of bundles stood expectant and blushed on the old man for his thoughtlessness for the mother looked good enough to get her whiskers on fire as she replied:

"I have paid for the seat I could have enjoying. If you want the lady to have a seat, you had better give up your own."

The old man was so severely shocked by the reception of his suggestion that he entirely forgot to give the lady his seat and stood in all the way to the end of the line. This incident set the little tongues dancing to talking about dogs and other animals that ride on street cars, and among other things he said:

"That reminds me of the—. She ain't got no call to make her little girl stand up after she has paid for her seat, and there are a lot of duffers like that old man around. This idea of making children, especially young girls, stand up in street cars is all wrong anyhow. They can't reach up to the straps and have to teeter around on their little legs and be jerked back and forth without anything to steady themselves by. It's a shame, that's what it is, and I know many little girls who got strains and hurts that stay with them all their lives by being jerked around in these cars.

"Besides," he continued as he shot a stream of tobacco juice at a dog who was trying to steal a ride, "it isn't the easy thing for a fat woman. Here that one in there, whose own feet barely touch the floor, and who has no lap to speak of, to hold a child. So it's tough on the women as well as the kids. That woman is dead right, and I'm glad she gave the old wart with the whiskers the mare's heart."

There are many mothers in Chicago who will heartily endorse the fat gentleman's views on street car etiquette.—Chicago Tribune.

Crystal Gazing.

In various forms it is very widely diffused. The Hindus read water, the Maori Mood; the Egyptians ink, as every one knows. Glass balls are at present popular, and we have read about an African who "scried" in a brass dish or basin, but he was an ass. On the other hand, some lady has done marvels in a glass of sarsaparilla. There is a large number of respectable persons who fabricate, starting into a deep depth, does produce in them hallucinations like the "phenomena of visions" which which many people are familiar. On this little assumed fact in psychology the whole superstition of crystal gazing, with its invocations and incantations, its "calls" and its camphor, has been based.

The late De Mayo would have numbered this among the truths involved in popular superstition, but in the superstition of the evil eye no rare or obscure phenomenon of human faculty seems to be concerned. It is a widely diffused fancy no more, but as to the exact range of its diffusion, outside of Europe, Islam, the region of the Semitic races, and India, we remain uncertain. The presence among savages of amulets used in the old world against the evil eye only raises a presumption in favor of the presence of the belief itself, for what is good against the evil eye may also be good against Vats, Brownies, Meart, Monitors and other wild varieties of the pixy species.—Quarterly Review.

An Evarts Compliment.

At a public dinner in Philadelphia, some years ago, the presiding officer, with a cigar in hand, asked Mr. Evarts for a match, meaning that that gentleman should hand to him the box just beyond the table. When Mr. Evarts said, "I have none," the presiding officer rejoined, "Very well, I shall have to introduce you as the matchless orator from New York." And yet some people say that Philadelphia is "slow."—Green Bag.

IN PURITAN TIMES.

WORD PICTURES OF THE QUAINT LIFE OF THOSE OLDEN DAYS.

The Few Recreations and Amusements of the Children—What Is Meant to "Get the Mitten" The Reverence In Which the New England Sabbath Was Held.

Though Puritan children had but few recreations and amusements, they must have enjoyed a very cheerful, happy home life. Making sugar in the season was looked forward to with very agreeable anticipations by the farmers' sons and daughters. Tell us that was more than figurative, we believed.

"Dorcas Wood says: 'When your mother's work was done, you used to go to the woods to gather the sweet sap, and your father would boil it down, and you used to dip the snow in it and make candy.' We will not forget the frolicsome and delicious strolls of sugar making in spring, while 'sugaring off' Mary Jane Fairchild has found his work very pleasant, and a general improvement in his health, while tending sap. Dorcas. At night you had only to feel the sap and keep up your fires, the sap must be taken gathered and the wood cut in the morning. I'm sure after in this way to have read a history of the Fischel's work. Dorcas. I remember also how happy I was to see the fresh, sweet, twenty-mile trudge through the snow shoeless."

Amongst time New England expressions, "getting the mitten," meaning getting rear effect of marriage rejected by your "best girl," has an origin in the custom of the earlier days. One hundred years ago gloves were unknown in the country towns, mittens were knitted and worn in all families. If a young man going home from singing school with the girl of his choice was holding her mittened hand, to keep it from getting cold, and took the opportunity to urge his suit, if the offer proved acceptable the hand would remain; if otherwise, an effort to withdraw the hand would leave the mitten. So the suitor would get the mitten, but not the hand.

There were large families in these days. Sir William Phipps was one of twenty children. Benjamin Franklin was about a family of 17. They rejoiced in some very singular names. These are the names of one family: Experience, Wait-still, Preserved, Be-still, Wait, Thanks, Unite, Desire and Supply.

It is interesting to note that the dinner hour has gradually moved from the forenoon until evening. The word dinner is believed to be a corruption of six hours, or six o'clock, the hour at which the Norman ever partook of its principal meal. A young man from the Maine woods visited New York on a school, and wrote home that: "Hardly anybody here eats dinner at noon. Most of the folks eat theirs at 6 o'clock. The rich don't eat theirs until 7 or half past, and the real aristocrats eat theirs about some time next day." He had evidently been brought up on ten o'clock the proper hour.

Saturday night was the beginning of the Sabbath. The quiet hours that preceded the very strict observance of the house suppose of the boisterous sports of youth, and early planned a serious hour for the New Sabbath. Everybody was out and dressed for the day through both services. Some of the church pews had to be sprinkled, the aged without a pillow, with the body in her lap, and the aged were allowed to be at ease. Every little soldier of the regiment the deacon could see was listening to the long text with the concentrated ing for the sacramental wine drawn from its saddle. It must have been a pleasant sight on Sunday morning to stand by the church and watch the worshipers as slowly, two by two, or in families, they wended their way out of the woods from the east and from the west, from the north and from the south, for Sabbath morning all paths led to church, as all roads led to Rome. In summer time the boys and girls carried their shoes and stockings in their hands, to save them from the wear and tear of the journey and the long, stony paths. "Among the duties of the sexton was to turn the hourglass. The sermon was expected to close with the last sands of the glass. How the children, and perhaps the grown people, watched the glass! But they were sometimes disappointed, for the old ministers had great guts of continuance. Their wigs were full of learning, and as freely as they had received freely they gave."

In Puritan meeting houses had the appearance of stocks and whipping post, and in some place they stood. "That all persons who should stand out of the meeting house during the time of divine service should be put in the stocks."

It was also ordered that profane swearing should be punished by sitting in the stocks three times; telling lies a fine of 10 shillings or sitting in the stocks two hours. In 1650 an unfortunate benefitted was fined for keeping house alone. A man was fined for driving a yoke of oxen five miles on the sabbath day.

A long sermon, if it is said there were half hours, and tithing men were appointed to see that they all "on Friday morning," and to keep any dogs out of the meeting house.

Mr. Howe gives a picture of the old meeting house, which is the best I have found. "The old building was one of the first houses built in Newbury, and was the model for Noah's ark and Solomon's temple. Its shape is a square with two of which I know the number by heart, its doors with great wooden quirks over them, its belfry, jutting out at the east end, its steeple and bell, all measured as much second the sanctuary cathedral itself. How magnificent to my eyes seemed the turnpike, simply a tall lance over the minister's head, backed by a long iron rod to the wall crook. How I wondered at the panels on either side of the pulpit, carved and painted as a flaming red tulip. The area of the house was divided into large square pews, the sides of which were as high. Through the windows the children could watch the birds and report discoveries."

The meeting houses were not warmed, but foot stoves and the delicate carried foot stoves, and between the services they all repaired to a small building outside to eat their lunch and warm their nearly frozen hands. The ministers were settled for life, and they were looked up to with great respect, and well they might be, for they were really the only educated people.

In the very early days neighbors usually paid friendly visits during the winter season. In summer they were too busy. The men talked over their family affairs and the prices of what they had for sale. The wives and daughters chatted freely about their yards of home pan linen and linsey woolsey while they were busy knitting. It would have been regarded as quite disgraceful for any woman to sit idle. All were regaled with good doughnuts, cheese, fine cider or homemade beer.—American Monthly Magazine.

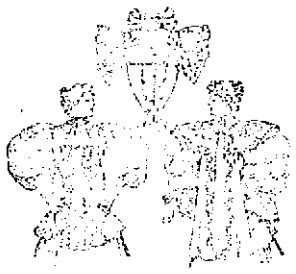
NEW SPRING GOWNS.

They Are Marvels of Good Taste and Refined Style.

(Special Correspondence.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Some of the new spring gowns are marvels of good taste and refined style. There are, it is true, many "wild eyed" plaids and hairy and shaggy stuffs, and all popular, but who never one sees a gowns or coat that is in quiet and neat taste it is received at once with a note of welcome.

There are a good many pretty things in this way to be seen this week, and they are models which will be followed later. I was to lay in a famous English house here, where all the prettiest of tailor gowns and garments are seen. This house makes a specialty of cloth gowns, as it claims that cloth is susceptible of finer and more perfect finish than any other material ever made, and I came away quite converted to the belief. I may change my mind next week, and hereby reserve the right to do so if I want to or find something prettier than these. Let me tell you about them.



NEUTRAL AND NEW COLORS IN SILK.

There was a stone gray cloth of the new satin woven surface. This was made in so perfect a manner that one could scarcely see a seam. The skirt hung in loose, round folds, but fitted closely over the hips without a wrinkle. The waist was in the form of a short, outward bosque, very flaring all around. The fronts were open all the way down four inches, allowing a full vest of mauve brocade. The stock was of the same and had a full ruffle at the throat. The sleeves were pigots and quite moderate in size. No seam or wrinkle showed, and the edges were finished with as great care as that shown in men's finest wear. This gown had a short but very full military cape of the same cloth, interlined and faced with the brocade. The neatest collar and upper cape were made of stone gray velvet, edged with a seaming of very narrow braided passementerie, without beads, in ivory white.

There was another gown, not quite as severe as the other, but even more pleasing. The material was cloth of a dull color, between slate and plum. The cut of the skirt was similar to that of the other. Around the bottom were two rows of disks cut out of garnet plush and sewed on like buttons. The waist was of garnet brocade, and it was made with a slight blouse effect, with a belt of the same and a gold buckle.

There was a rough cheviot in snuff brown, and the finish of it was remarkable. The rough pattern was in crossbars, forming plaids, and these were so evenly matched that it was a triumph of the dressmaker's art. In this case the bodice was tight fitting, made with a sharp point in front and fastening invisibly all the way. There was no trimming whatever on waist or sleeves. The back was in the form of a little postilion.

Velvet is seen on almost all of the spring costumes except the strictly tailor finished, and even in some of them there is a very little. Entire costumes are

SPRING GOWNS.

made of colored velvet. Sometimes one sees very extravagant costumes of that fabric. A brown colored velvet had a fancy Eton jacket of hunter's green velvet, and a tan colored one had a bolero of seal over it velvet, with gold braid sewed on it. These were for conventionous visiting dresses.

The handsomest gown that I have seen recently was of rich black cordan cloth. The skirt was cut in very many gores, and down each seam was a very narrow row of jet passementerie. This was sewed on so as to give a rather stiff raised appearance. There was a short basque jacket lined with white satin and having a white satin vest worked with jet beads and embroidery. The stock collar was done in the same way and the deep ruffs to the sleeves.

Large sleeves hold their own in spite of every effort to reduce them to reasonable dimensions, but as they are so becoming none need complain. I noticed a couple of new effects on two very pretty negligees. One had a series of three puffs, and the other was shaped like an ordinary leg of mutton, with a deep plait taken in on the outside of the elbow. The first named of these negligees was of baby blue Japanese crape, made in the form of a loose sack. At the neck there was a turndown collar of lace, and below that a wide flounce of crape, bordered with a double ruffle of lace. The lace fell in cascades down the front, and lace falls were set on the sleeves. The garment was very graceful and dainty. The second was of figured china silk in white and garnet. It fitted closely, though the wide plait of the silk, bordered with a cascade of lace on each side in front, gave it the appearance of being half fitting.

OLIVE HARPER.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

"I Can, I Will."

A professor of mathematics in one of our largest colleges, whose reputation as a mathematician is very high, began his career under the inspiration of "I can and I will." A writer in an exchange tells the story.

I knew a boy who was preparing to enter the junior class of the New York university. He was studying trigonometry, and I gave him three examples for his next lesson. The following day he came to me and recited the demonstrations and problems. Two of them he understood, but the third, a very difficult one, he had not performed. I said to him:

"Can I help you?"

"No, sir; I can, and will do it if you give me time."

I said, "I will give you all the time you want."

The next day he came into my room to recite another lesson in the same study.

"Well, Simon, have you worked that example?"

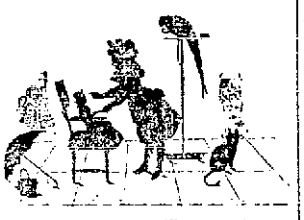
"Yes, sir," he answered. "But I will do it if you will give me a little more time."

"Why, lad, you shall have all the time you desire."

I always like those boys who are determined to do their own work, for they make our best scholars and men too. The third morning you should have seen Simon enter my room. I knew he had it, for his whole face told the story of his success.

Yes, he had it, notwithstanding it had cost him many hours of hard work. Not only had he solved the problem, but, what was of much greater importance, he had begun to develop mathematical power.

Goodness Will Be Rewarded.



Now Dolly and Polly and Kitty, you three—
Must stay here at home and keep house for me;
I'm going to market to buy some thing good,
And you'll each have a treat if you act as you should.

Christian Work.

Table Tennis.

Table tennis can be made easily. The board for this should be covered with green baize such as you have for desk covers at school. The net will be, of course, of mosquito netting, either wire or cotton. You can get the round form of the bat by using old whalebones, fine steels or thick steel wire. The balls should be of worsted and are like the centers of daisies or sunflowers. As some of you may not know just how this is done, here is the method: Cut two circular pieces of pasteboard. A half dime would be about the size required for this purpose. Make a hole in the center of each and cut a slit from the side to the center. Thread a worsted needle with single zephyr and work it over and over the two circles, which should be held firmly together. When you have filled them with worsted, cut the edge by slipping the scissors between the two rounds. Then pass strong thread down between the circles and tie tightly. Slip the cardboard out and shape your ball. The rules for table tennis are precisely the same as for the outdoor game.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Jetty.

One hot day when Jetty was a little kitten his mistress found him sitting in a washbowl of water which some one had carelessly left standing.

He seemed to enjoy his cool bath so much that he wanted to go back to it after his mistress had lifted him out.

But the queerest thing that Jetty does is to bathe his feet. A wooden mop pail always stands in a certain place, partly filled with water to prevent it from going to pieces.

Every day Jetty goes to this pail, balances himself on the edge of it, dips one paw into the water till it is thoroughly wet, and then licks it dry. He does the same with the other paw. Then, turning around and resting his paws on the edge, he bathes his hind feet in the same way.

Now this is a true story, and as you know that nearly all cats dislike water, and will not wet their feet if they can avoid it, you can judge that Jetty is a very remarkable cat.—Youth's Companion.

Initials.

There is an opportunity for ingenuity, graceful compliment and humorous rally in playing "initials." One person gives out his initials. Then all, provided with pencil and paper, are given a certain time, perhaps three minutes, in which to write a three word characterization of this person, the words beginning with the initials in the order given.

For instance, A B C is described by one as "a beautiful creature," by another as "awkward, bad courageous," by a third as "always losing cheese," and so on. At the end of the time allotted all the descriptions are read aloud, and then the initials of the next person are used in the same way.—Youth's Companion.

When Cats Are Black.

I hate to meet a cat at night;
She puts me into such a fright;
She straightens out her tail and back,
And, my! she's awful, awful black.

—Chips.

How It Happened.

"I've got 5 cents to spend!" cried Dorothy joyously. "I saved it out of my heathen money that mamma gave me for going without butter."

"But if it was for the heathen how could you save it?" inquired the lady to whom this statement was made.

"Why," replied Dorothy, with a convincing smile, "you see, I didn't eat so much more butter than mamma expected I wouldn't, that there was enough for the heathen and 5 cents besides!"—Exchange.

IT WAS NOT LEAP YEAR.

But Jack Was Obliging, and Here, Too, He Was Going Away.

A young married woman, the wife of the private secretary of a well known man, was one of a party the other evening talking about leap year. "I proposed to my husband," said she, "and it wasn't leap year, and I'm not a new woman." Every one was anxious to hear how she proposed to do it, for she is a lovely woman of the womanly type and the last one in the world to ever ask a man to marry her. Then, too, she was a belle and had loads of admirers, many of whom would have been glad to have won her.

"Why, I don't know how it happened. You see, she had been attentive to me for years, and every little while would tell me how much she loved me and ask me if I could care for him. I put him off, and then, other two or three years, he began to neglect telling me of his love. In the meanwhile I learned to love him and tried in every way to make him speak, but when he called he never wanted to see me alone, and always tried to have some of the family about. When we were alone, he was moody and silent, and no amount of sweetness on my part would bring him to another avowal.

"At last he called and said that he was going to Washington; that there was no use of his staying out west. There were no ties to hold him, and no one for whom he especially cared. I used my best endeavors to dissuade him and hinted in every way possible that he might expect a favorable answer if he would ask me to marry him. Jack said good night to the people, and I went to the door with him. We stood at the entrance some time, and I tried so hard to bring him out, but no use. He spoke of no one caring for him, and all that sort of thing. Finally we shook hands, and he left. I saw him walk down the yard, and as he reached the gate I called to him to come back. I had seen him leave me forever in that minute and could not stand it. When he came up the steps, I said, 'Jack, I care for you a great deal.' The rest naturally followed, and we were married in the spring."—Washington Post.

THE COST OF LIVING.

The Question as to Whether It Is Greater In Summer or In Winter.

"I was talking with my wife the other day about the cost of living," said a man, "about whether it costs more to live in summer or in winter, and she said it depended a good deal on how you were situated—that is, whether you lived in the country, or in a smaller city where you had a garden and raised your own vegetables, or whether you lived in a city where you had to buy all those things, and it depended also a good deal on how you were circumstanced. She thought that people who were downright poor and people who were rich could live cheaper in summer than in winter—this is of course not taking any account of summer travel and that sort of thing; the poor, because in summer they had less to pay for fuel and the clothes required cost less, and they could if need be live on as little as at any time; the rich, eating more or less fresh vegetables and fruits in winter, because vegetables were cheaper in summer.

"As to people in moderate circumstances that is with incomes sufficient to live comfortably on, she thought that if anything it cost them rather more to live in summer. Light, fuel and clothes cost them more in winter, but they spent less in winter for food. The moderate people couldn't afford to eat fresh vegetables in winter; they are canned goods then, and in less quantity and at less expense than the fresh vegetables and fruits of which they are freely in summer.

"Upon further deliberation, however, my wife was inclined to think that, taking one thing with another, it cost people in moderate circumstances about the same to live in winter as in summer, and with this view I am inclined to agree. In fact, I know, when I come to think about it, that our own expenses in winter and summer are strikingly uniform, as indeed they are the year around, so closely do they at all times approximate to our income."—New York Sun.

What She Saw.

Fogg—My wife couldn't make head or tail out of that play last night.

Bass—Women are not quick in such matters. Their intelligence doesn't seem—

Fogg—Well, I don't know about that. Next day she was able to tell me what every woman in the audience had on.—Boston Transcript.

To be always intending to live a new life, but never to find time to set about it—this is as it a man should put off eating and drinking and sleeping from one day and night to another, till he is starved and destroyed.—Tillotson.

A female lecturer on optics, while endeavoring to explain the mechanism of the organ of vision, is said to have remarked, "Let any man gaze closely into his wife's eye, and he will see himself looking exceedingly small."

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLG CO.

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL No. 81.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

There was no police court to-day.

Patrolman Mont Wingate is on the sick list.

To-morrow is Sexigesima Sunday or the second Sunday before Lent

Miss Ella Kelley, of Sidney, is very ill with la grippe, at the Hoffman House.

Clyde Roberts, the fast class A bicycle rider, has taken a position with H. F. Reel.

Perry Edson, of Union street, was given a surprise party last night in honor of his birthday on Wednesday.

Manager Sperry, of the Union News company, has resumed his duties, after enjoying a several weeks' vacation.

Policeman Ed Croy, who went to Cleveland to appear against Jas. Ryan, the supposed postoffice robber, resumed his beat last night.

While engaged in a game of ball at the Y. M. C. A. night before last, Prof. W. E. Clark had one of the bones in his left wrist broken.

A. J. Woerner, of 530 west McKibben street, who has been seriously ill for the past three weeks with la grippe, is again able to be out.

The Rt. Rev. W. A. Leonard D. D. will visit Lima next Friday and administer the ordinance of confirmation in Christ church in the evening.

Intelligence was received this morning from Mrs. T. A. Collins, who is undergoing treatment under Dr. Johnson, in the Good Samaritan Hospital in Cincinnati, that it would be necessary for her to undergo a six weeks treatment before she would be well enough to return home. Her mother, Mrs. John O'Connor is there caring for her.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

Albert Wise is here from New York.

Miss Bertha Campbell, of Bellefontaine, is the guest of Lima friends.

Mrs. Amelia Werder, of Toledo, is the guest of Mrs. Geo. J. Fisher, of east Market street.

C. W. McKibbin, of the Buckeye Pipe Line Co., returned to-day from Cygnet, where he has been on business.

Mrs. Margaret Wallace, of north Elizabeth street, was called to Youngstown, O., by the death of her mother-in-law.

Mrs. Lawrence Colford, of north Elizabeth street, has been called to Lockport, N. Y., by the serious illness of her mother.

Mrs. J. C Stump, of north Union street, and Mrs. Maria Holtz, of east McKibben street, went to Sidney today to visit friends and relatives.

J. N. Robertson, of west Spring street, was called to Petrolia, Pa., last night by the death of his mother. His wife preceded him to that place a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Roush, of Delphos, have returned home after a pleasant visit with Mr and Mrs. Phinney of west Spring street, and and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Harmon, of east Wayne street.

NOTICE

To Employes of Lima Machine Works and Lima Steel Casting Works.

The employes of the Lima Machine Works and the Lima Steel Casting Works will attend the funeral of the late F. B. Agerter to-morrow afternoon in a body, and they are requested to meet at the Market street shops at one o'clock sharp, Sunday afternoon, from which place they will proceed to the funeral.

The Religio-Philosophical Society

Services will be held in the Wheeler Hall, corner Market and Elizabeth street, 10:30 a. m.

Song, Selection
Poem, "The Game of Life"
Song, "Dare to do Right"
Lecture. Subject, "Substitution a Reality." (This embodies somewhat of the speakers experience.) By request.
Song, "Something to Think of."

7 p m, prompt.

Song, "I Miss Thee Sore the Night"
Poem, "The Advent of the Angels"
Song, "Hap, Hap, Hap"
Lecture, "The Presidency and Permanency of Spirit Life"
Song, "Beckoning Hands"
An exercise in Mental Mediumship, as desired, if conditions favor.

The public cordially invited to attend all services.

SAD RITES OVER.

Remains of Miss Hedwig Ramseyer Interred in Woodlawn Cemetery.

The funeral of Miss Hedwig Ramseyer, which occurred this afternoon, was one of the largest ever held from the German Reformed church. The services at the residence, 845 north Main street, at 1:30 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Baum, were exceedingly touching. The casket was covered with beautiful roses.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. F. C. Cunningham, James Heffner, Dan Thomas, Jos. Dutton, Chas. Herbst and Manie Cantieny.

The services at the church were conducted by Rev. Baum, Rev. Burkholder and Rev. Thomson. The teachers of the public schools and the members of the Board of Education attended the services in a body. After the services at the church every available carriage was used and several street cars, which were in waiting at Market and Pierce streets, were filled with friends who followed the remains to Woodlawn cemetery, where they were lowered to their final resting place.

DELIGHTFUL TIME.

Lima Christian Endeavors Entertain Delphos Endeavors.

Last evening the following Delphos Christian Endeavors were entertained by the Endeavors of the Market Street Presbyterian church:

Misses Margaret Lytle, Carrie Runyan, Edith Almy, Lulu Walkup, Ethel Pape, Maggie Exline, Jessie Davis, Mary Annerson, Kittie Guette, Ethel Exline, Stella Exline, Mrs. E. B. Mauk, Messrs Almy, Roscoe Walkup and George A. Thompson.

The first portion of the evening was spent at the Y. M. C. A. where the visitors were entertained by an exhibition drill by the gymnasium classes and basket ball in which teams picked by Roehm and Graham played a tie game. The visitors were then escorted to the home of Rev. Thomson and the remainder of the evening spent in social enjoyment. Excellent luncheon was served, and the visitors entertained until the arrival of the 1:10 o'clock train on the P., Ft. W. & C., when they departed for home, taking with them pleasant recollections of their first visit to Lima.

IN A BODY.

B. P. O. E. Will Attend the Funeral of Their Departed Brother F. B. Agerter.

Lima Lodge of Elks held a special meeting last evening to take action upon the sudden death of their brother, F. B. Agerter. It was decided to attend in a body the funeral, which will take place from the residence of his mother at 840 west Market street, at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

For that purpose the members of the lodge will assemble at their hall at 1 o'clock and proceed to the residence from which they will take chartered street cars for the cemetery.

STREET TALK.

Judge Richie on last Monday at Wapakoneta granted Vanskiver a new trial. The Judge presented a very able argument in giving his reasons for granting a new trial.—*Crideersville Record.*

* *

According to the report of the grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, there are 493 lodges in that order at the present time, 22 lodges having been instituted in 1895. The increase in membership during the year was 2,655, and for that same period 224 death and disability claims were paid.

* *

Frank Killian, of Lima, has taken up his duties as assistant engineer at the Federal building. He supercedes Frank Healey, who has accepted a position on the Ohio Southern road.

* *

The other evening a seance was in progress in the west part of the city, an alleged medium being present from Ft. Wayne. The lights were turned down and spirits began to move. In the audience was a certain young attorney who did not believe in manifestations and when the medium appeared before him in the form of an uncle of the deceased and proclaimed himself as such the young attorney told him he was mistaken—that it was his grandfather who bore that name—and reaching out grabbed the spirit and caused such a commotion that the seance was broken up. The affair caused considerable excitement and the young man took his departure stating he was entirely satisfied with the results of his visit.

The medium is said to have left the city.

* *

First South Lima man—"Gracious! how the wind has risen. Hear it howling."

Second South Lima man—"Oh! that's not the wind. It's my daughter up in her room singing 'Ben Bolt.'"

* *

At a meeting of the Allen County Democratic Club last night, the following officers were elected: President, Dr. D. H Sullivan; vice president, Philip Walther; secretary, W. T. Copeland; financial secretary, Samuel N. Young; treasurer, Wilbur Fisk; sergeants-at-arms, Hugh Patton, Jr., and George Lyons; board of directors, Michael Brennan, H. J O'Neill, S. S. Herrmann, R. A. Hickey, John Cummins, Peter West, John Welsh.

* *

A dispatch was received this morning by John Agerter conveying the sad intelligence of the death of his nephew, Fred Agerter, which occurred very suddenly at Lima this morning, of the grippe. He was one of the foremost young men of Lima, and well known in Upper Sandusky.—*Upper Sandusky Union.*

MARCH TENTH

The Time Fixed for the Republican State Convention.

COLUMBUS, Feb. 8—(Special).—The Republican State Central Committee has decided to hold the state convention in Columbus on March 10 and 11. J. B. Foraker will be temporary chairman. A resolution endorsing Hon. Wm. McKinley for the Presidency was unanimously adopted.

JOTTINGS.

The Current Events Club of West Wayne street met at the home of Mrs. J. T. Tabler Friday afternoon. Papers were read by Mesdames Phillips and Simpson and a review of "Trilby" was begun; three chapters to be read at each meeting until finished. Dainty refreshments were served at the close of the program. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. R. W. Wallace.

*

The recent interest in spiritualism recalls an incident which took place some years ago in the eastern part of this State. A wave of spiritualistic demonstration was sweeping over the country and crowds of country people assembled nightly at the different farm houses where the seances were held. Many became mediums and the excitement was at fever heat. In one family a young man of perhaps twenty-five or six years, suddenly became possessed of the notion that the spirit of a deceased relative, a German, dominated him, and at one of the public demonstrations, in full view of the entire audience, he took up pencil and paper and rapidly wrote a two or three page letter in the German language.

No one present could interpret it nor did the young man himself know one syllable of the language. In fact he was extremely ignorant and uncultured.

At length a young German employed on a neighboring farm as carpenter, who had scoffed at the "reppings" and "table lifting," was asked to translate the letter. To his utter amazement it was a well composed epistle, couched in grammatical terms and irreproachable orthography. It was a nine day wonder to the sceptical and a triumph for the sect. Whether it was legerdemain, hypnotism or what not, I have no theory, but simply give it to you as it happened. A Svengali may have been casting his baleful eye on the poor lad but the fact remains.

*

There must perforce be two sides to every question, and certainly the relation between shopper and salesman is no exception to this rule.

Volumes have been written and tons of sympathy expended in behalf of the "overworked" and sometimes "poorly-paid" clerk; but did it never occur to anyone that this same object of commiseration could and actually does make things mighty uncomfortable for the hapless man or woman who must patronize their counters?

I can think of nothing more exasperating than to come in contact with one of those superior, patronizing, come-down-off-the-perch individuals who can, with one withering look, make you feel like apologizing for having suddedly found yourself in need of the goods they preside over. And if you should chance to intimate that you had a dim idea of the kind of goods you wanted, you are promptly sat down upon and made to feel that your taste was unpardonably rustic and quite the opposite of the fin-de-siecle.

I have in mind a little scrimmage of this sort in one of our popular stores, but, as Kipling says, "that is another story."

*

A funny thing happened the other day on Main street. A man and woman were approaching each other and began that idiotic series of passes first to the right, then to the left—in order that each might go by the other. If you have ever tried this fascinating exercise you will know that as you get warmed up to the work you find it extremely embarrassing. After a series of dodging the man at last made a plunge just as the lady had decided to do the same. Consequently the two came together with a force that was startling. A smothered little "oh!" came from the lady's lips while the man lifted his hat and muttered something meant to be polite but it would not go well with a halo.

Notice.

We desire to caution the public not to compound Downard's Library Association with the Union Library Association. Mr. C. W. Carr is our authorized agent.

tf DOWNARD & SON.